



Silicon NPN Phototransistor

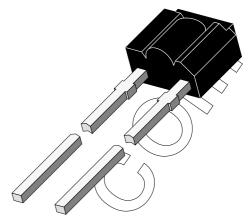
Description

TEST2600 is a high sensitive silicon NPN epitaxial planar phototransistor in a miniature side view plastic package with cylindrical lens.

Its epoxy casting is designed as a infrared filter to spectrally match to GaAs IR emitters (λ_p =950nm).

Features

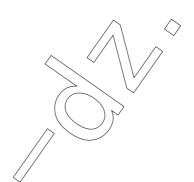
- High radiant sensitivity (2.5 mA)
- Miniature side view package with cylindrical lens
- Very wide viewing angle $\varphi = \pm 30^{\circ}/\pm 60^{\circ}$
- Suitable for near IR radiation
- Matches with TSSS2600 IR emitter



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Applications

Optical switches
Counters and sorters
Interrupters
Tape and card readers
Encoders
Position sensors



Absolute Maximum Ratings

 $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}C$

Parameter	Test Conditions	Symbol	Value	Unit
Collector Emitter Voltage		V_{CEO}	70	V
Emitter Collector Voltage		V_{ECO}	5	V
Collector Current	2)	I _C	50	mA
Peak Collector Current	$t_p/T = 0.5, t_p \le 10 \text{ ms}$	I _{CM}	100	mA
Total Power Dissipation	T _{amb} ≤ 55 °C	P _{tot}	100	mW
Junction Temperature		T _i	100	°C
Storage Temperature Range		T _{stg}	− 55+100	°C
Soldering Temperature	$t \le 3 \text{ s}, 2 \text{ mm from case}$	T _{sd}	260	°C
Thermal Resistance Junction/Ambient		R_{thJA}	450	K/W

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Basic Characteristics

 $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}C$

Parameter	Test Conditions	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Collector Emitter Breakdown Voltage	$I_C = 1 \text{ mA}$	V _{(BR)CE}	70		(V
Collector Dark Current	V _{CE} = 20 V, E = 0	I _{CEO}		1	100	nA
Collector Emitter Capacitance	$V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V, f} = 1 \text{ MHz, E=0}$	C _{CEO}		6		þ €
Collector Light Current	$E_e = 1 \text{ mW/cm}^2$, $\lambda = 950 \text{ nm}$, $V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}$	I _{ca}	1	2.5		mA
Angle of Half Sensitivity	horizontal	φ1		±30/		deg
	vertical	φ ₂		±60\		deg
Wavelength of Peak Sensitivity		λ_{p}		920		nm
Range of Spectral Bandwidth		$\lambda_{0.5}$		850980		nm
Collector Emitter Saturation Voltage	$E_e = 1 \text{ mW/cm}^2$, $\lambda = 950 \text{ nm}$, $I_C = 0.1 \text{ mA}$	V _{CEsat}			0.3	V
Turn-On Time	$V_S = 5 \text{ V, } I_C = 5 \text{ mA,}$ $R_L = 100 \Omega$	t _{on}		6		μS
Turn–Off Time	$V_S = 5 \text{ V}, I_C = 5 \text{ mA},$ $R_L = 100 \Omega$	t _{off}	\			μS
Cut-Off Frequency	$V_S = 5 \text{ V, } I_C = 5 \text{ mA,}$ $R_L = 100 \Omega$	f _c /\		110		kHz

Typical Characteristics (T_{amb} = 25°C unless otherwise specified)

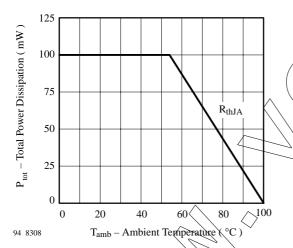


Figure 1. Total Power Dissipation vs.

Ambient Temperature

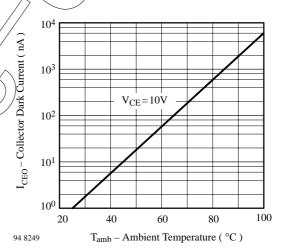


Figure 2. Collector Dark Current vs. Ambient Temperature





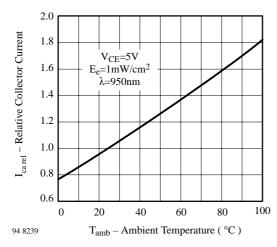


Figure 3. Relative Collector Current vs. Ambient Temperature

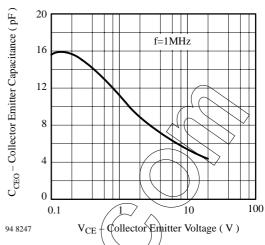


Figure 6. Collector Emitter Capacitance vs. Collector Emitter Voltage

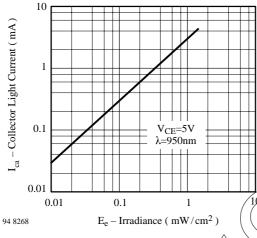


Figure 4. Collector Light Current vs. Irradiance

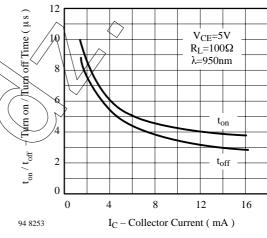


Figure 7. Turn On/Turn Off Time vs. Collector Current

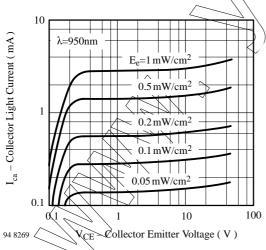


Figure 5. Collector Light Current vs. Collector Emitter Voltage

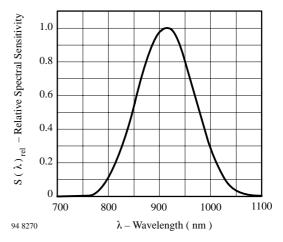


Figure 8. Relative Spectral Sensitivity vs. Wavelength



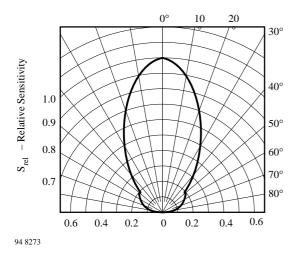


Figure 9. Relative Radiant Sensitivity vs. Angular Displacement

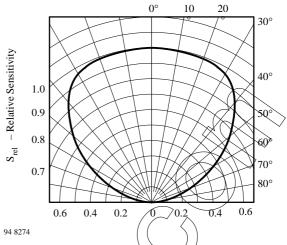


Figure 10. Relative Radiant Sensitivity vs.

Angular Displacement

Dimensions in mm <u>0.</u>3 +0.1 +0.3 9 ±0.3 AREA NOT PLANE DETECTOR CENTER 9 ±0.5 6. 3.6 ±0.15 1.8 ±0.15 28. 0.65 +6.15 2.2 ±0.15 E 0.4±0.15 0.4+0.15 nom. 6×45° technical drawings according to DIN specifications 95 11487



Ozone Depleting Substances Policy Statement

It is the policy of Vishay Semiconductor GmbH to

- 1. Meet all present and future national and international statutory requirements.
- 2. Regularly and continuously improve the performance of our products, processes, distribution and operating systems with respect to their impact on the health and safety of our employees and the public, as well as their impact on the environment.

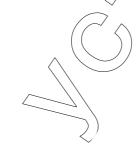
It is particular concern to control or eliminate releases of those substances into the atmosphere which are known as ozone depleting substances (ODSs).

The Montreal Protocol (1987) and its London Amendments (1990) intend to severely restrict the use of ODSs and forbid their use within the next ten years. Various national and international initiatives are pressing for an earlier ban on these substances.

Vishay Semiconductor GmbH has been able to use its policy of continuous improvements to eliminate the use of ODSs listed in the following documents.

- 1. Annex A, B and list of transitional substances of the Montreal Protocol and the London Amendments respectively
- 2. Class I and II ozone depleting substances in the Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990 by the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) in the USA
- 3. Council Decision 88/540/EEC and 91/690/EEC Annex A, B and C (transitional substances) respectively.

Vishay Semiconductor GmbH can certify that our semiconductors are not manufactured with ozone depleting substances and do not contain such substances.



We reserve the κight to make changes to improve technical design and may do so without further notice.

Parameters can vary in different applications. All operating parameters must be validated for each customer application by the customer. Should the buyer use Vishay Semiconductors products for any unintended or unauthorized application, the buyer shall indemnity Vishay Semiconductors against all claims, costs, damages, and expenses, arising out of, directly or indirectly any claim of personal damage, injury or death associated with such unintended or unauthorized use.

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