

## Ambient Light Sensor

### Description

TEPT5700, Phototransistor, for ambient light sensor application, plays a key role in power savings strategies by controlling LCD display intensity and keypad backlighting of mobile devices and in industrial on/off-lighting operation. It is sensitive to visible light much like the human eye and has peak sensitivity at 570 nm. TEPT5700 is packaged in a T 1 3/4" package with flat top.



20118

### Features

- High sensitivity,  $I_{PCE} = 75 \mu A$  ( $E_V = 100 \text{ lx}$ )
- Adapted to human eye responsivity
- Wide angle of half sensitivity  $\phi = \pm 50^\circ$
- T 1 3/4" package (5 mm)
- Lead (Pb)-free component in accordance with RoHS 2002/95/EC and WEEE 2002/96/EC



### Applications

Ambient light sensor for control of display backlight dimming in LCD displays and keypad backlighting of mobile devices and in industrial on/off-lighting operation.

### Absolute Maximum Ratings

$T_{amb} = 25^\circ C$  unless otherwise specified

| Parameter                           | Test condition                                  | Symbol     | Value        | Unit       |
|-------------------------------------|---|------------|--------------|------------|
| Collector Emitter Voltage           |   | $V_{CEO}$  | 6            | V          |
| Emitter Collector Voltage           |   | $V_{ECO}$  | 1.5          | V          |
| Collector current                   |   | $I_C$      | 20           | mA         |
| Total Power Dissipation             | $T_{amb} \leq 55^\circ C$                       | $P_{tot}$  | 100          | mW         |
| Junction Temperature                |   | $T_j$      | 100          | $^\circ C$ |
| Operating Temperature Range         |   | $T_{amb}$  | - 40 to + 85 | $^\circ C$ |
| Storage Temperature Range           |   | $T_{stg}$  | - 40 to + 85 | $^\circ C$ |
| Soldering Temperature               | $t \leq 5 \text{ s}$ , 2 mm distance to package | $T_{sd}$   | 260          | $^\circ C$ |
| Thermal Resistance Junction/Ambient |   | $R_{thJA}$ | 350          | K/W        |

## Basic Characteristics

$T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$  unless otherwise specified

| Parameter                            | Test condition  | Symbol          | Min | Typ.       | Max | Unit          |
|--------------------------------------|---|-----------------|-----|------------|-----|---------------|
| Collector Emitter Breakdown Voltage  | $I_C = 0.1\text{ mA}$   | $V_{CEO}$       | 6   |            |     | V             |
| Collector dark current               | $V_{CE} = 5\text{ V}, E = 0$  | $I_{CEO}$       |     | 3          | 50  | nA            |
| Collector-emitter capacitance        | $V_{CE} = 0\text{ V}, f = 1\text{ MHz}, E = 0$                                  | $C_{CEO}$       |     | 16         |     | pF            |
| Collector Light Current              | $E_v = 20\text{ lx}, \text{CIE illuminant A}, V_{CE} = 5\text{ V}$              | $I_{PCE}$       | 5.2 | 15         | 24  | $\mu\text{A}$ |
|                                      | $E_v = 100\text{ lx}, \text{CIE illuminant A}, V_{CE} = 5\text{ V}$             | $I_{PCE}$       |     | 75         |     | $\mu\text{A}$ |
| Angle of Half Sensitivity            |   | $\phi$          |     | $\pm 50$   |     | deg           |
| Wavelength of Peak Sensitivity       |   | $\lambda_p$     |     | 570        |     | nm            |
| Range of Spectral Bandwidth          |   | $\lambda_{0.1}$ |     | 360 to 970 |     | nm            |
| Collector Emitter Saturation Voltage | $E_v = 20\text{ lx}, \text{standard light A}, I_{PCE} = 1.2\text{ }\mu\text{A}$ | $V_{CEsat}$     |     | 0.1        |     | V             |

## Typical Characteristics

$T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$  unless otherwise specified

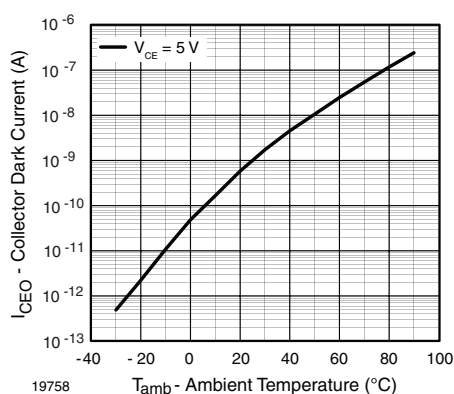


Figure 1. Collector Dark Current vs. Ambient Temperature

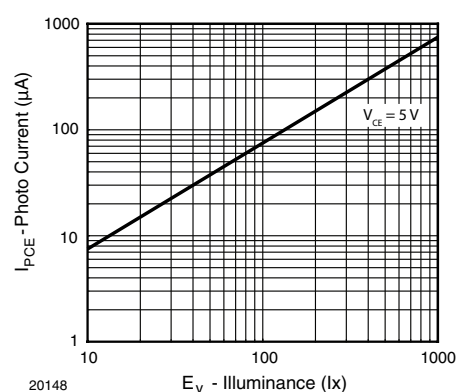


Figure 3. Photo Current vs. Illuminance

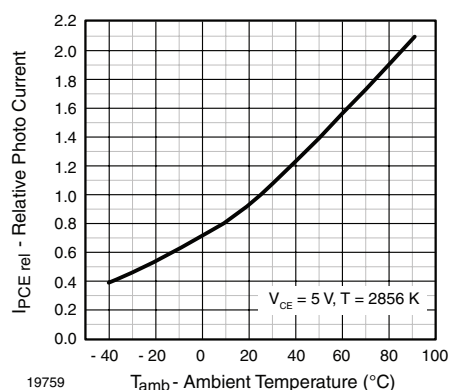


Figure 2. Relative Photo Current vs. Ambient Temperature

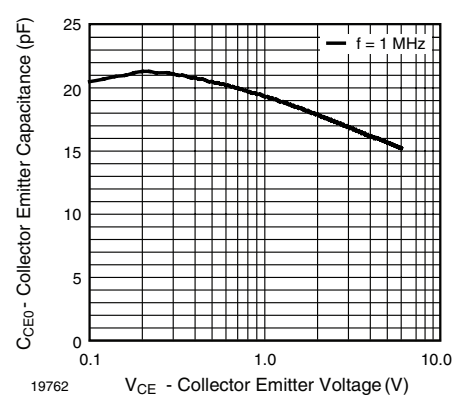


Figure 4. Collector Emitter Capacitance vs. Collector Emitter Voltage

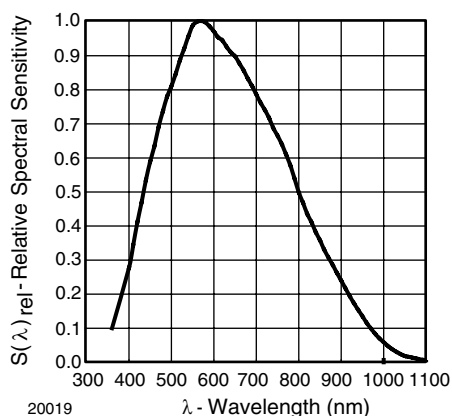


Figure 5. Relative Spectral Sensitivity vs. Wavelength

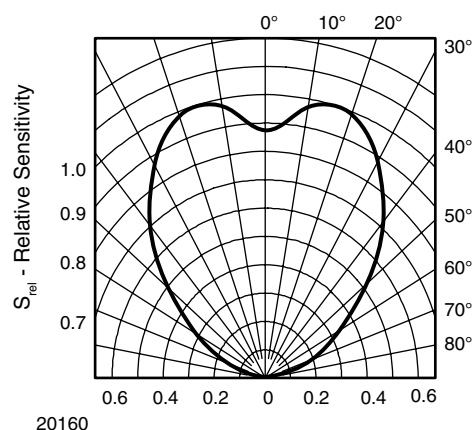
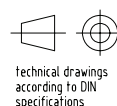
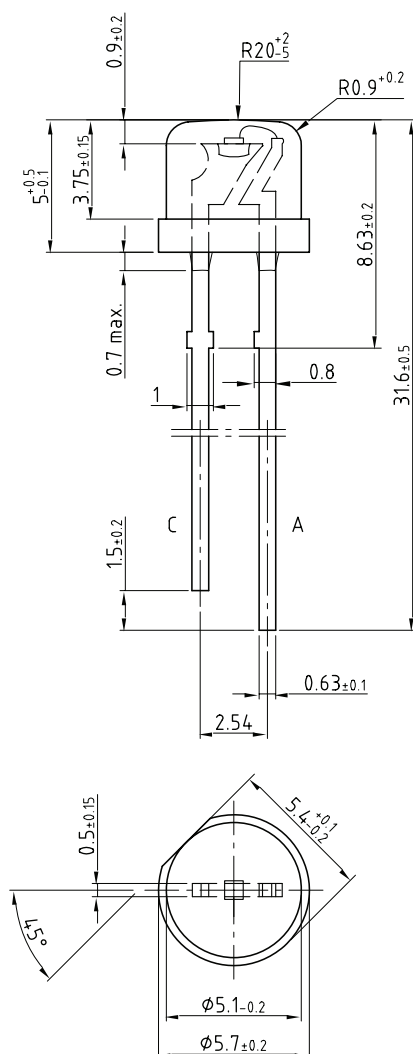


Figure 6. Relative Radiant Sensitivity vs. Angular Displacement

## Package Dimensions



technical drawings  
according to DIN  
specifications

Dimensions in mm

Not indicated tolerances  $\pm 0.1$

Drawing-No.: 6.544-5375.01-4  
Issue: 1; 19.04.06

20117



### Ozone Depleting Substances Policy Statement

It is the policy of Vishay Semiconductor GmbH to

1. Meet all present and future national and international statutory requirements.
2. Regularly and continuously improve the performance of our products, processes, distribution and operating systems with respect to their impact on the health and safety of our employees and the public, as well as their impact on the environment.

It is particular concern to control or eliminate releases of those substances into the atmosphere which are known as ozone depleting substances (ODSs).

The Montreal Protocol (1987) and its London Amendments (1990) intend to severely restrict the use of ODSs and forbid their use within the next ten years. Various national and international initiatives are pressing for an earlier ban on these substances.

Vishay Semiconductor GmbH has been able to use its policy of continuous improvements to eliminate the use of ODSs listed in the following documents.

1. Annex A, B and list of transitional substances of the Montreal Protocol and the London Amendments respectively
2. Class I and II ozone depleting substances in the Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990 by the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) in the USA
3. Council Decision 88/540/EEC and 91/690/EEC Annex A, B and C (transitional substances) respectively.

Vishay Semiconductor GmbH can certify that our semiconductors are not manufactured with ozone depleting substances and do not contain such substances.

We reserve the right to make changes to improve technical design  
and may do so without further notice.

Parameters can vary in different applications. All operating parameters must be validated for each customer application by the customer. Should the buyer use Vishay Semiconductors products for any unintended or unauthorized application, the buyer shall indemnify Vishay Semiconductors against all claims, costs, damages, and expenses, arising out of, directly or indirectly, any claim of personal damage, injury or death associated with such unintended or unauthorized use.

Vishay Semiconductor GmbH, P.O.B. 3535, D-74025 Heilbronn, Germany



### Notice

Specifications of the products displayed herein are subject to change without notice. Vishay Intertechnology, Inc., or anyone on its behalf, assumes no responsibility or liability for any errors or inaccuracies.

Information contained herein is intended to provide a product description only. No license, express or implied, by estoppel or otherwise, to any intellectual property rights is granted by this document. Except as provided in Vishay's terms and conditions of sale for such products, Vishay assumes no liability whatsoever, and disclaims any express or implied warranty, relating to sale and/or use of Vishay products including liability or warranties relating to fitness for a particular purpose, merchantability, or infringement of any patent, copyright, or other intellectual property right.

The products shown herein are not designed for use in medical, life-saving, or life-sustaining applications. Customers using or selling these products for use in such applications do so at their own risk and agree to fully indemnify Vishay for any damages resulting from such improper use or sale.