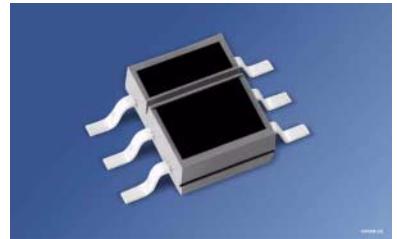


# Reflexlichtschranke mit Schmitt-Trigger

## Reflective Interrupter with Schmitt-Trigger

SFH 9240

SFH 9241



### Wesentliche Merkmale

- IR-GaAs-Lumineszenzdiode in Kombination mit einem Schmitt-Trigger IC
- SFH 9240: Output active low
- SFH 9241: Output active high
- Tageslichtsperrfilter
- Einschaltstrom: typ. 3 mA
- Sender und Empfänger galvanisch getrennt

### Anwendungen

- Optischer Schalter
- Pulsformer
- Zähler

### Features

- IR-GaAs-emitter in combination with a Schmitt-Trigger IC
- SFH 9240: Output active low
- SFH 9241: Output active high
- Daylight cut-off filter
- Threshold current: typ. 3 mA
- Emitter and detector electrically isolated

### Applications

- Optical threshold switch
- Pulseformer
- Counter

Typ Type	Bestellnummer Ordering Code	Gehäuse Package
SFH 9240	Q62702-P5118	P-DSO-6 Gehäuse mit Tageslichtsperrfilter, Anschlüsse im 1.27 mm - Raster, Ausgang: active low P-DSO-6 package with daylight-cutoff-filter, lead spacing 1.27 mm (1/20"), Output active low
SFH 9241	Q62702-P5119	P-DSO-6 Gehäuse mit Tageslichtsperrfilter, Anschlüsse im 1.27 mm - Raster, Ausgang: active high P-DSO-6 package with daylight cut-off filter, lead spacing 1.27 mm (1/20"), Output active high

**Grenzwerte ( $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ )****Maximum Ratings**

Bezeichnung Parameter	Symbol Symbol	Wert Value	Einheit Unit
<b>Sender (GaAs-Diode)</b>			
Emitter (GaAs diode)			
Sperrspannung Reverse voltage	$V_R$	5	V
Vorwärtsgleichstrom Forward current	$I_F$	50	mA
Stoßstrom ( $t_P \leq 10 \mu\text{s}$ ) Surge current ( $t_P \leq 10 \mu\text{s}$ )	$I_{FSM}$	1.5	A
Verlustleistung Power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	80	mW
<b>Empfänger (Schmitt-Trigger IC)</b>			
Detector (Schmitt-Trigger IC)			
Versorgungsspannung Supply voltage	$V_{cc}$	- 0.5 ... + 20	V
Ausgangsspannung Output voltage	$V_o$	- 0.5 ... + 20	V
Ausgangsstrom Output current ( $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ )	$I_o$	20	mA
Verlustleistung Power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	100	mW
<b>Reflexlichtschranke</b>			
Light Reflection Switch			
Betriebs- und Lagertemperatur Operating and storage temperature range	$T_{op}, T_{stg}$	- 40 ... + 100	°C
Verlustleistung Power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	150	mW

**Kennwerte ( $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ )**  
**Characteristics**

Bezeichnung Parameter	Symbol Symbol	Wert Value	Einheit Unit
<b>Sender (GaAs-Diode)</b> <b>Emitter (GaAs diode)</b>			
Durchlassspannung Forward voltage $I_F = 50 \text{ mA}$	$V_F$	1.25 ( $\leq 1.65$ )	V
Sperrstrom Reverse current $V_R = 5 \text{ V}$	$I_R$	0.01 ( $\leq 1$ )	$\mu\text{A}$
Kapazität Capacitance $V_R = 0 \text{ V}, f = 1 \text{ MHz}$	$C_O$	25	pF
Wärmewiderstand (Montage auf PC-Board mit $> 5 \text{ mm}^2$ Padgröße) Thermal resistance (mounting on pcb with $> 5 \text{ mm}^2$ pad size)	$R_{thJA}$	400	K/W

**Empfänger (Schmitt-Trigger IC) (wenn nicht anders angegeben,  $V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V}$ )**  
**Detector (Schmitt-Trigger IC) (unless otherwise specified,  $V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V}$ )**

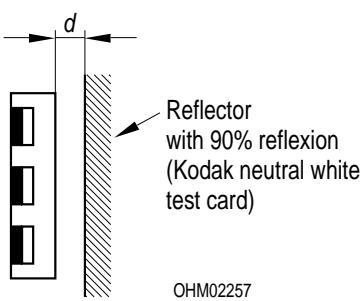
Ausgangsspannung „high“ Output voltage “high” $I_O = 0$	$V_{OH}$	$V_{CC} (> 4.0)$	V
Ausgangsspannung „low“ Output voltage “low” $I_O = 16 \text{ mA}$	$V_{OL}$	0.15 ( $< 0.4$ )	V
Stromaufnahme Supply current $V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V}$ $V_{CC} = 18 \text{ V}$	$I_{CC}$	3.3 ( $< 5$ ) 5.0	mA
Anstiegszeit 10% bis 90% Rise time 10% to 90% $R_L = 280 \Omega, I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$	$t_r$	SFH9240	SFH9241
Fallzeit 90% bis 10% Fall time 90% to 10% $R_L = 280 \Omega, I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$		20	30
ns	$t_f$	SFH9240	SFH9241
		10	20
ns			

**Kennwerte ( $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ )**  
**Characteristics (cont'd)**

Bezeichnung Parameter	Symbol Symbol	Wert Value	Einheit Unit
Ausgangsverzögerungszeit Propagation delay time "ON" $R_L = 280 \Omega, I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$	$t_{\text{ON}}$	1	$\mu\text{s}$
Ausgangsverzögerungszeit Propagation delay time "OFF" $R_L = 280 \Omega, I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$	$t_{\text{OFF}}$	2	$\mu\text{s}$

**Reflexlichtschranke**  
**Light Reflection Switch**

Schaltschwelle Threshold current, Kodak neutral white test card with 90% reflection $V_{\text{CC}} = 5 \text{ V}, d = 1 \text{ mm}$	$I_{F, \text{ON}}$	3 (< 10)	mA
Hysterese Hysteresis	$I_{F, \text{OFF}} / I_{F, \text{ON}}$	0.6 (0.5 ... 0.9)	-



**Zulässiger Arbeitsbereich**  
**Operating Conditions**

Bezeichnung Parameter	Symbol Symbol	Wert Value	Einheit Unit
Versorgungsspannung Supply voltage	$V_{\text{CC}}$	4 ... 18	V
Ausgangstrom Output current	$I_O$	< 16	mA

Zur Stabilisierung der Versorgung wird ein Stützkondensator (angeschlossen zwischen  $V_{\text{CC}}$  und GND) von typ.  $0.1 \mu\text{F}$  empfohlen.

A bypass capacitor,  $0.1 \mu\text{F}$  typical, connected between  $V_{\text{CC}}$  and GND is recommended in order to stabilize power supply line.

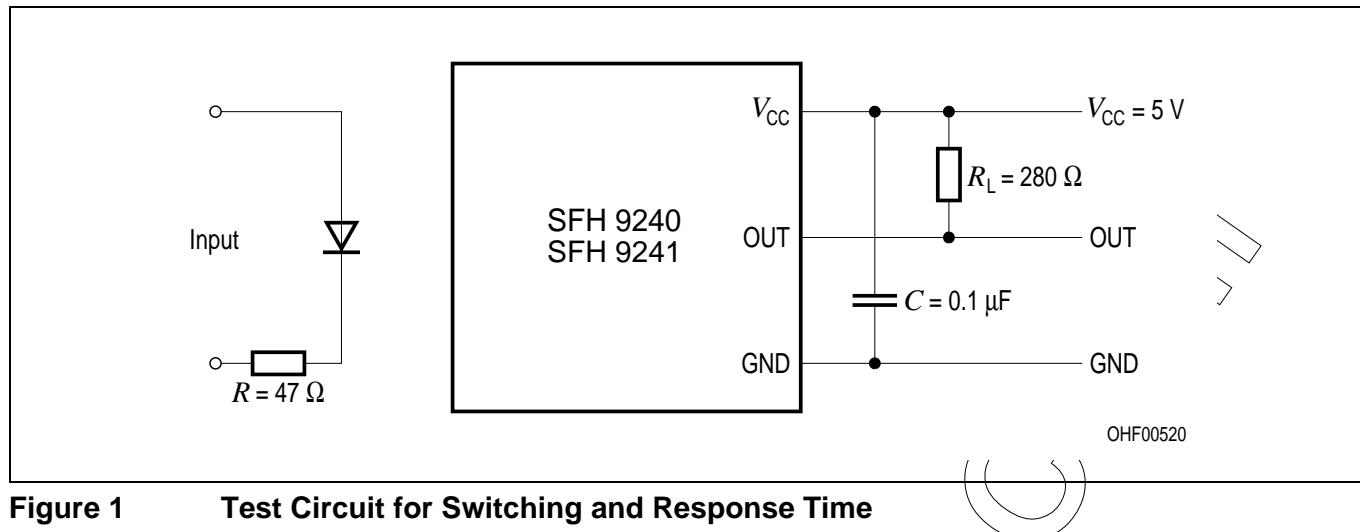


Figure 1 Test Circuit for Switching and Response Time

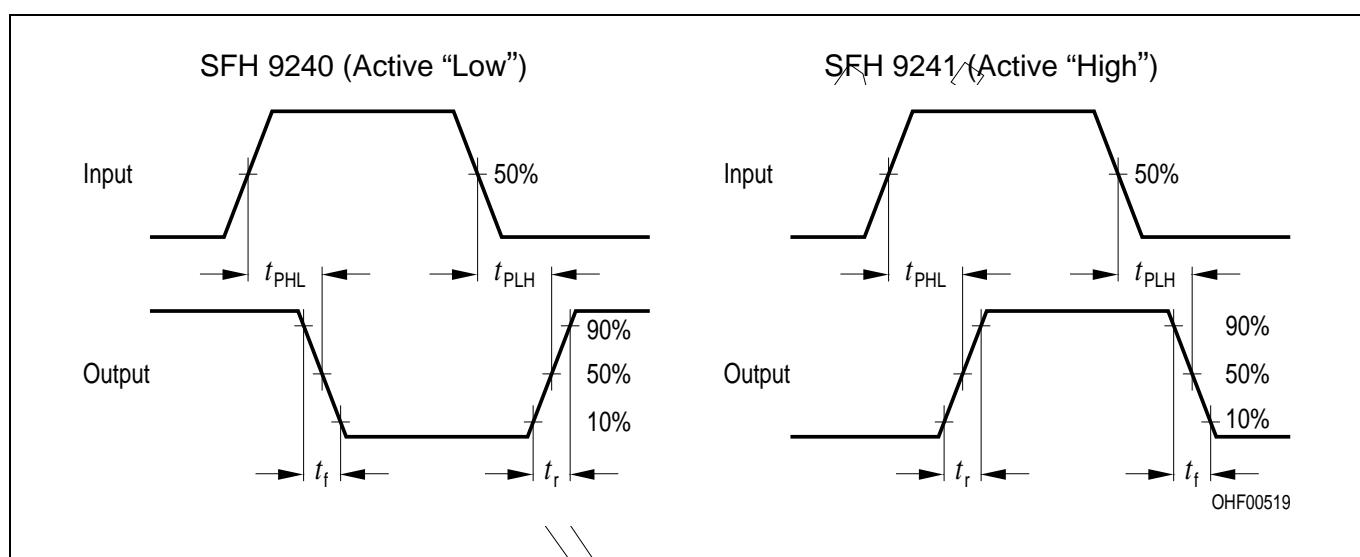
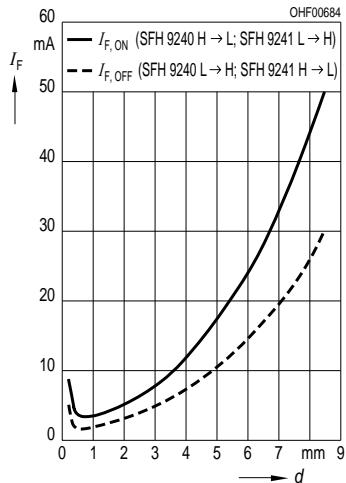
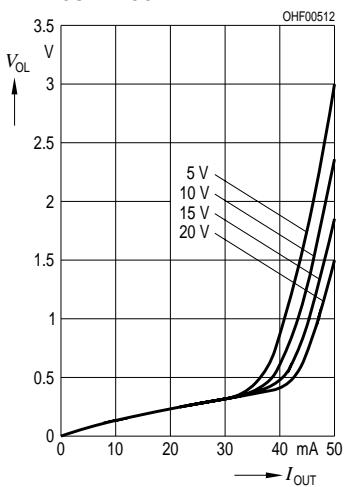


Figure 2 Switching Time Definitions

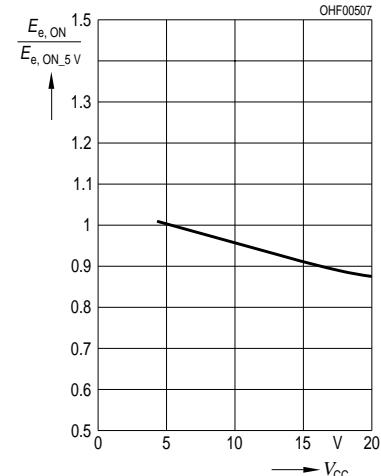
**Threshold Current vs. Distance**  
 $I_F = f(d)$



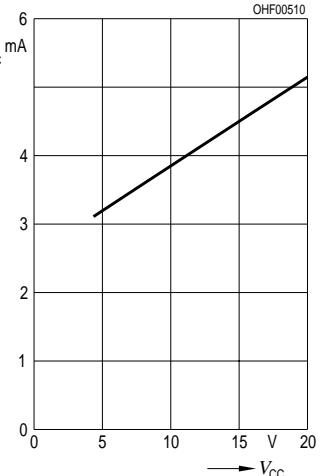
**Output Voltage**  
 $V_{OL} = f(I_{OUT}, V_{CC})$



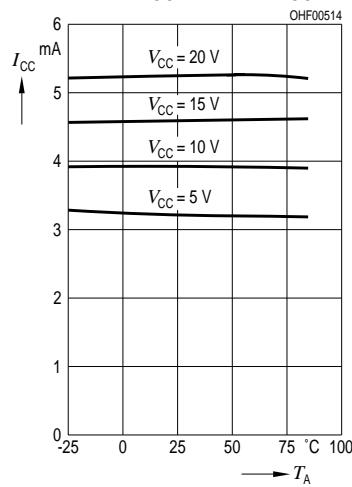
**Relative Threshold**  
 $E_{e, ON}/E_{e, ON \text{ VCC}} = 5 \text{ V} = f(V_{CC})$



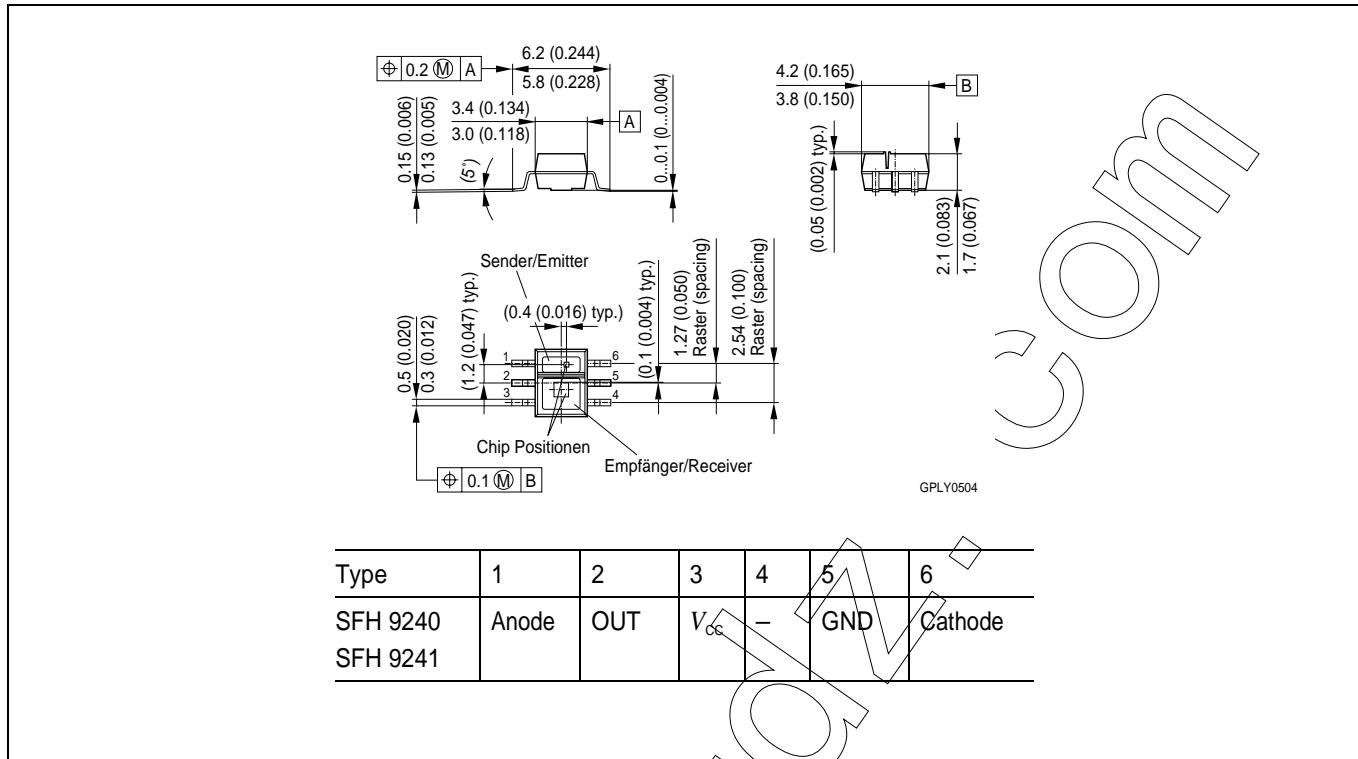
**Supply Current**  
 $I_{CC} = f(V_{CC})$



**Supply Current vs. Ambient Temperature**  
 $I_{CC} = f(T_A, V_{CC})$



**Maßzeichnung  
Package Outlines**



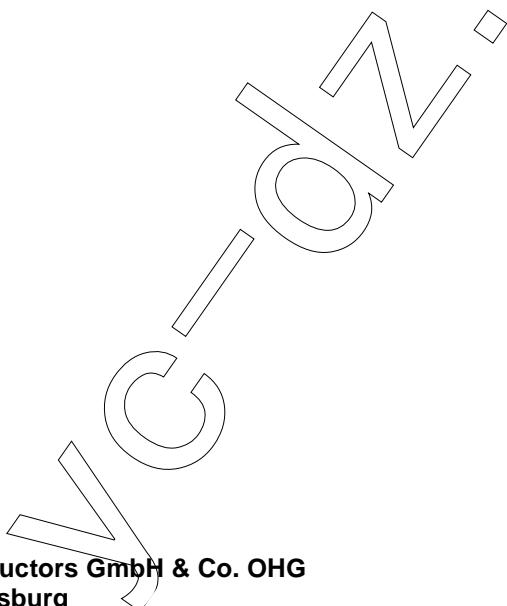
Maße werden wie folgt angegeben: mm (inch) / Dimensions are specified as follows: mm (inch).

**Löthinweise****Soldering Conditions**

Bauform Type	Drypack Level acc. to JEDEC A112-A	Tauch-, Schwalllötung Dip, Wave Soldering		Reflowlötung Reflow Soldering		Kolbenlötung Iron Soldering
		Peak Temp. (solderbath)	Max. Time in Peak Zone	Peak Temp. (package temp.)	Max. Time in Peak Zone	(Iron temp.)
SFH 9240	4	n. a.	–	245 °C	10 sec.	n.a.
SFH 9241						

Bitte Verarbeitungshinweise für SMT-Bauelemente beachten!

Please observe the handling guidelines for SMT devices!



Published by OSRAM Opto Semiconductors GmbH & Co. OHG  
Wernerwerkstrasse 2, D-93049 Regensburg

© All Rights Reserved.

**Attention please!**

The information describes the type of component and shall not be considered as assured characteristics.  
Terms of delivery and rights to change design reserved. Due to technical requirements components may contain dangerous substances. For information on the types in question please contact our Sales Organization.

**Packing**

Please use the recycling operators known to you. We can also help you – get in touch with your nearest sales office. By agreement we will take packing material back, if it is sorted. You must bear the costs of transport. For packing material that is returned to us unsorted or which we are not obliged to accept, we shall have to invoice you for any costs incurred.

**Components used in life-support devices or systems must be expressly authorized for such purpose!** Critical components<sup>1</sup>, may only be used in life-support devices or systems<sup>2</sup> with the express written approval of OSRAM OS.

<sup>1</sup>A critical component is a component used in a life-support device or system whose failure can reasonably be expected to cause the failure of that life-support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness of that device or system.

<sup>2</sup>Life support devices or systems are intended (a) to be implanted in the human body, or (b) to support and/or maintain and sustain human life. If they fail, it is reasonable to assume that the health of the user may be endangered.