

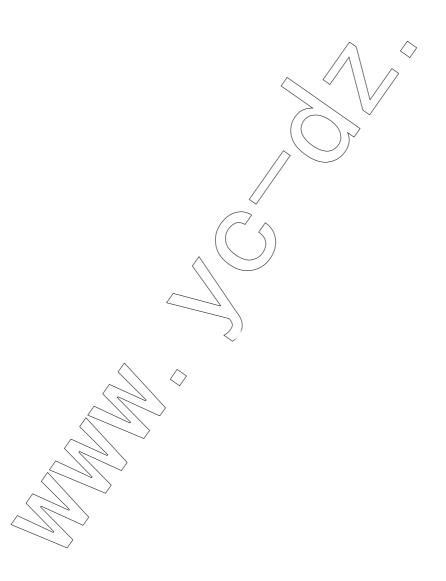
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GP2TC1

■ Features

1. Adopted diffusive reflection method (Wide detecting range: 0 to 1.0mg/cm²)

- 2. Analog output according to amount of reflective light (adhesive volume of toner)
- 3. 2 system output: adhesive volume of black toner adhesive volume of color toner
- 4. Detection range of toner density

(Y, M, C: 0 to 1.0mg/cm²)

(K: 0 to 0.6mg/cm2)

- 5. High resolution (0.1mg/cm²)
- 6. Output can be adjusted by control of LED current

■ Applications

- 1. Full-color copiers
- 2. Color LBPs

■ Absolute Maximum Ratings

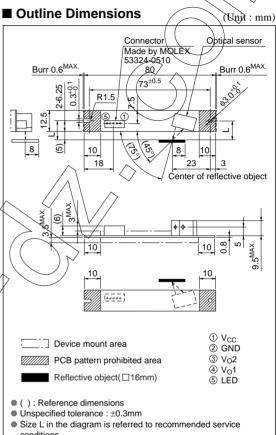
(Ta=25°C, Vcc=5V)

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Operating voltage	Vcc	-0.3 to 7	X
LED current	IF	50	μnA
Output terminal voltage	Vo	-0.3 to Vcc +0.3	\ \v
Operating temperature	Topr	0 to +60\	(°C)
Storage temperature	Tstg	-20 to +70	\ °C

■ Recommend Operating Conditions

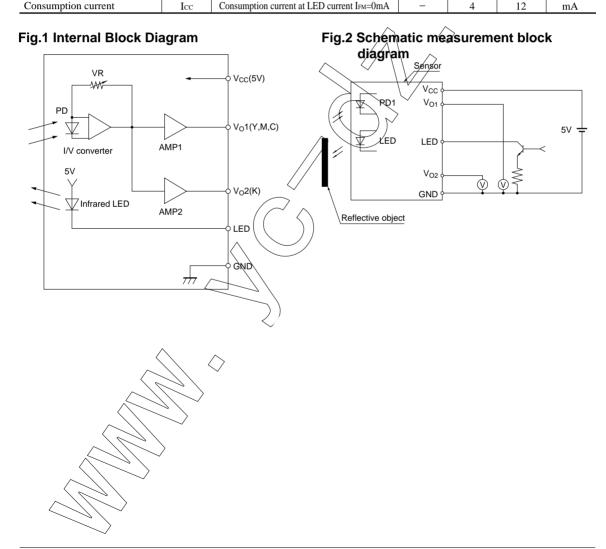
Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Supply voltage	Vcc	4.5 to 5.5	V
Detection distance range	L	11.0 to 11.5	mm

Color Toner Density (Adhesive Volume) Sensor by Diffusive **Reflection Method**



- * Sensor optical portion clearance: 0.3mm MAX.

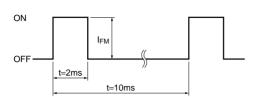
■ Electro-optical Characteristics					(Ta=25°	C, Vcc=5V)
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Output voltage	Vo1a	Reflective object A (I _{FM} =20mA)	0.70	1.06	1.42 (V
	Vo2a		1.68	2.63	3.58	V
	Vo ₁₀	LED 41 0 A	0.3	0.6	0.9	\V
	Vo20	LED current I _{FM} =0mA	0.3	1.1	1.9	v
Displacement of output voltage	ΔVo1ba	Displacement of output voltage Vo1 when reflective object is changed from A to B (I _{FM} =20mA)	1.30	1.45	1.60	v
	ΔVo2ac	Displacement of output voltage Vo2 when reflective object is changed from C to A (IFM=20mA)	1.06	1.21	1.36	V
	ΔVo1 _{A0}	Vo1a-Vo10	0.40	0.46	0.52	V
	ΔVo2a0	Vo2A-Vo20	1.38	1.53	1.68	V
Rise time	tr	Reflective object C (Munsell N2 no gloss	_	70	300	μs
Fall time	tf	(Reflectivity 3.1%)) (I _{FM} =20mA)	-	70	300	μs
Consumption aureant	T	Consumption overant at LED overant Incom		4	12	A



SHARP GP2TC1

Fig.3 LED lighting condition

Fig.4 Response Time



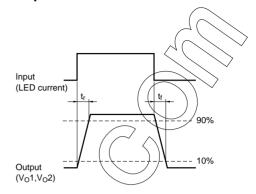
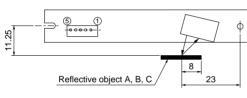


Fig.5 Measurement Condition



Reflective object A: Munsell N4.5 No gloss (Reflectivity 15.6%)
Reflective object B: Munsell N7.75 No gloss (Reflectivity 54.8%)
Reflective object C: Munsell N2 No gloss (Reflectivity 3.1%)

■ Example of application

1. Apply Vcc=5V and measure Vo10 at Vo1, Vo26 at Vo2

- 2. In order to stabilize output voltage measure 3. to 5. on the LED lighting condition shown in Fig.3 for example.
- 3. Measure the output voltage Vo2 and adjust IFM in order to fix ΔVo21 (determine value by your actual application). After the adjustment, memorize the values, Vo1, Vo2 and IFM, (If there are the initial memorized values, Vo1, Vo2 and IFM, measure Vo1 and Vo2 at memorized IFM. If there are difference between the measured values and memorized values adjust IFM to let Vo1 and Vo2 be initial values.)
- 4. Attach the color toner and measure the output voltage at Vo1 (I_{FM} at the value memorized at 3.). Determine the output voltage difference ΔVo1 between the measured value and memorized value Vo1 at 3, and adjust the attached color toner amount.
- 5. Attach the black toner and measure the output voltage at Vo2 (I_{FM} at the value memorized at 3.). Determine the output voltage difference ΔVo2 between the measured value and memorized value Vo2 at 3, and adjust the attached black toner amount.
- 6. After the measurement, set I-M=0mA and turn off the LED.
- 7. To measure them again, start from 1.

Note Volo: Output voltage at Irm=0mA

Vo20: Output voltage at Inv=0mA

Vol : Vol terminal ouput voltage at no toner

Vo2: Vo2 terminal ouput voltage at no toner

 $\Delta Vo1$: Output voltage when black toner is attached-Vo1 $\Delta Vo2$: Output voltage when black toner is attached-Vo2

ΔV921: V02-V02

IFM: LED current

Fig.6 Output Voltage vs. Reflectivity of Reflective Objects

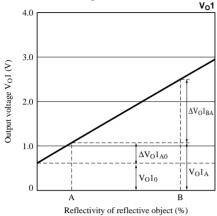
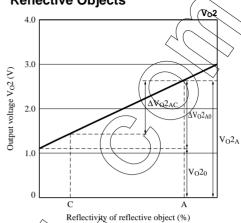
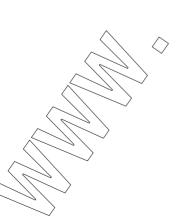


Fig.7 Output Voltage vs. Reflectivity of Reflective Objects







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