

IR-Lumineszenzdiode (850 nm) mit hoher Ausgangsleistung

High Power Infrared Emitter (850 nm)

Lead (Pb) Free Product - RoHS Compliant

SFH 4258
SFH 4259



Wesentliche Merkmale

- Infrarot LED mit hoher Ausgangsleistung
- Emissionswellenlänge typ. 850 nm
- Halbwinkel SFH 4258: $\pm 15^\circ$
- Halbwinkel SFH 4259: $\pm 25^\circ$
- Hohe Bestromung bei hohen Temperaturen möglich

Anwendungen

- Infrarotbeleuchtung für CMOS Kameras
- IR-Datenübertragung
- Sensorik

Sicherheitshinweise

Je nach Betriebsart emittieren diese Bauteile hochkonzentrierte, nicht sichtbare Infrarot-Strahlung, die gefährlich für das menschliche Auge sein kann. Produkte, die diese Bauteile enthalten, müssen gemäß den Sicherheitsrichtlinien der IEC-Normen 60825-1 und 62471 behandelt werden.

Features

- High Power Infrared LED
- Peak wavelength typ. 850 nm
- Half angle SFH 4258: $\pm 15^\circ$
- Half angle SFH 4259: $\pm 25^\circ$
- High forward current allowed at high temperature

Applications

- Infrared Illumination for CMOS cameras
- IR Data Transmission
- Optical sensors

Safety Advices

Depending on the mode of operation, these devices emit highly concentrated non visible infrared light which can be hazardous to the human eye. Products which incorporate these devices have to follow the safety precautions given in IEC 60825-1 and IEC 62471.

Type Type	Bestellnummer Ordering Code	Strahlstärkegruppierung ¹⁾ ($I_F = 100 \text{ mA}$, $t_p = 20 \text{ ms}$) Radiant Intensity Grouping ¹⁾ $I_e \text{ (mW/sr)}$
SFH 4258	Q65110A2975	≥ 40 (typ. 90)
SFH 4259	Q65110A2464	≥ 25 (typ. 55)

¹⁾ gemessen bei einem Raumwinkel $\Omega = 0.01 \text{ sr}$ / measured at a solid angle of $\Omega = 0.01 \text{ sr}$



ATTENTION - Observe Precautions For Handling - Electrostatic Sensitive Device

Grenzwerte ($T_A = 25\text{ °C}$)**Maximum Ratings**

Bezeichnung Parameter	Symbol Symbol	Wert Value	Einheit Unit
Betriebs- und Lagertemperatur Operating and storage temperature range	T_{op}, T_{stg}	- 40 ... + 100	°C
Sperrspannung Reverse voltage	V_R	5	V
Vorwärtsgleichstrom Forward current	I_F	100	mA
Stoßstrom, $t_p = 100\text{ }\mu\text{s}$, $D = 0$ Surge current	I_{FSM}	1.5	A
Verlustleistung Power dissipation	P_{tot}	180	mW
Wärmewiderstand Sperrschicht - Umgebung bei Montage auf FR4 Platine, Padgröße je 16 mm ² Thermal resistance junction - ambient mounted on PC-board (FR4), padsize 16 mm ² each	R_{thJA}	300	K/W
Wärmewiderstand Sperrschicht - Lötstelle bei Montage auf Metall-Block Thermal resistance junction - soldering point, mounted on metal block	R_{thJS}	140	K/W

Kennwerte ($T_A = 25\text{ °C}$)**Characteristics**

Bezeichnung Parameter	Symbol Symbol	Wert Value	Einheit Unit
Wellenlänge der Strahlung Wavelength at peak emission $I_F = 100\text{ mA}$	λ_{peak}	850	nm
Spektrale Bandbreite bei 50% von I_{max} Spectral bandwidth at 50% of I_{max} $I_F = 100\text{ mA}$	$\Delta\lambda$	35	nm
Abstrahlwinkel Half angle SFH 4258 SFH 4259	φ φ	± 15 ± 25	Grad deg.
Aktive Chipfläche Active chip area	A	0.09	mm ²

Kennwerte ($T_A = 25\text{ °C}$)**Characteristics** (cont'd)

Bezeichnung Parameter	Symbol Symbol	Wert Value	Einheit Unit
Abmessungen der aktiven Chipfläche Dimension of the active chip area	$L \times B$ $L \times W$	0.3×0.3	mm ²
Schaltzeiten, I_e von 10% auf 90% und von 90% auf 10%, bei $I_F = 100\text{ mA}$, $R_L = 50\text{ }\Omega$ Switching times, I_e from 10% to 90% and from 90% to 10%, $I_F = 100\text{ mA}$, $R_L = 50\text{ }\Omega$	t_r, t_f	12	ns
Durchlassspannung Forward voltage $I_F = 100\text{ mA}$, $t_p = 20\text{ ms}$ $I_F = 1\text{ A}$, $t_p = 100\text{ }\mu\text{s}$	V_F V_F	1.5 (< 1.8) 2.4 (< 3.0)	V V
Sperrstrom Reverse current $V_R = 5\text{ V}$	I_R	not designed for reverse operation	μA
Gesamtstrahlungsfluss Total radiant flux $I_F = 100\text{ mA}$, $t_p = 20\text{ ms}$	$\Phi_{e\text{ typ}}$	45	mW
Temperaturkoeffizient von I_e bzw. Φ_e , $I_F = 100\text{ mA}$ Temperature coefficient of I_e or Φ_e , $I_F = 100\text{ mA}$	TC_I	- 0.5	%/K
Temperaturkoeffizient von V_F , $I_F = 100\text{ mA}$ Temperature coefficient of V_F , $I_F = 100\text{ mA}$	TC_V	- 0.7	mV/K
Temperaturkoeffizient von λ , $I_F = 100\text{ mA}$ Temperature coefficient of λ , $I_F = 100\text{ mA}$	TC_λ	+ 0.2	nm/K

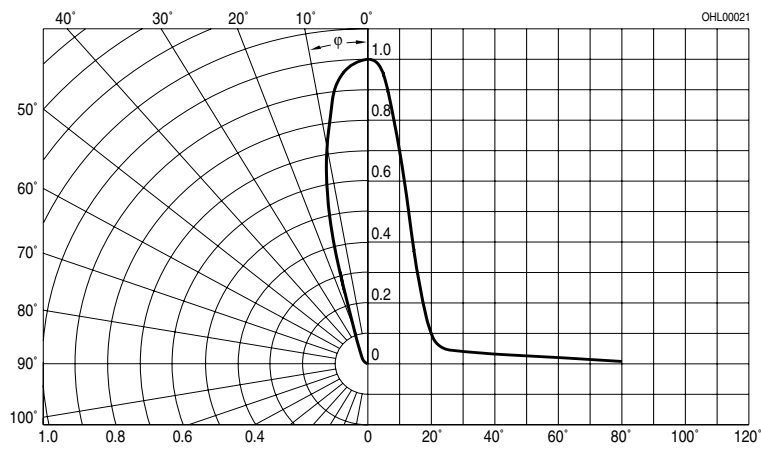
Strahlstärke I_e in Achsrichtung¹⁾gemessen bei einem Raumwinkel $\Omega = 0.01$ sr**Radiant Intensity I_e in Axial Direction**at a solid angle of $\Omega = 0.01$ sr

Bezeichnung Parameter	Symbol	Werte Values			Einheit Unit
		SFH 4258 -U	SFH 4258 -V	SFH 4258 -AW	
Strahlstärke Radiant intensity $I_F = 100$ mA, $t_p = 20$ ms	$I_{e \min}$ $I_{e \max}$	40 80	63 125	100 200	mW/sr mW/sr
Strahlstärke Radiant intensity $I_F = 1$ A, $t_p = 100$ μ s	$I_{e \text{ typ.}}$	400	600	800	mW/sr
		SFH 4259 -T	SFH 4259 -U		
Strahlstärke Radiant intensity $I_F = 100$ mA, $t_p = 20$ ms	$I_{e \min}$ $I_{e \max}$	25 50	40 80		mW/sr mW/sr
Strahlstärke Radiant intensity $I_F = 1$ A, $t_p = 100$ μ s	$I_{e \text{ typ.}}$	250	350		mW/sr

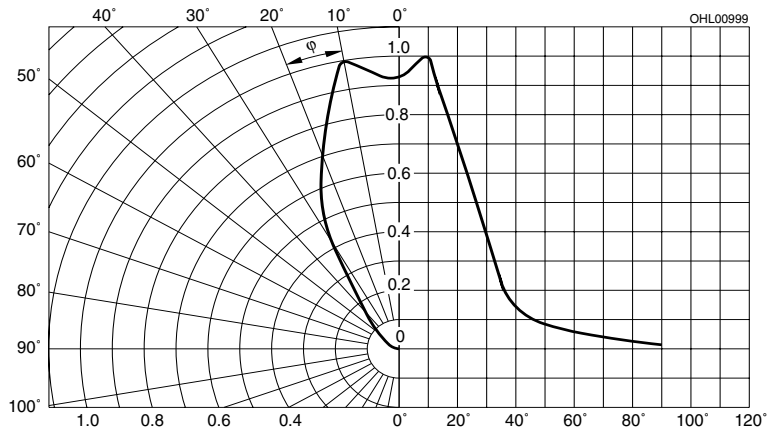
¹⁾ Nur eine Gruppe in einer Verpackungseinheit (Streuung kleiner 2:1) /
Only one group in one packing unit (variation lower 2:1)

Abstrahlcharakteristik**Radiation Characteristics** $I_{\text{rel}} = f(\varphi)$

SFH 4258

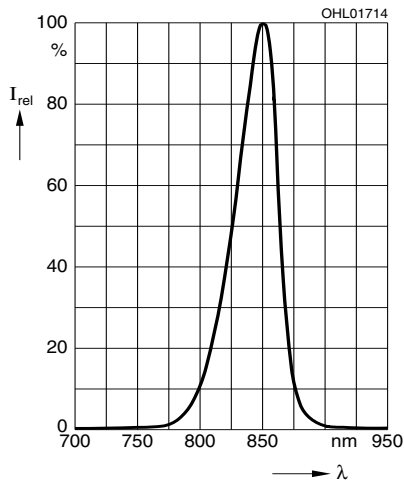
**Abstrahlcharakteristik****Radiation Characteristics** $I_{\text{rel}} = f(\varphi)$

SFH 4259



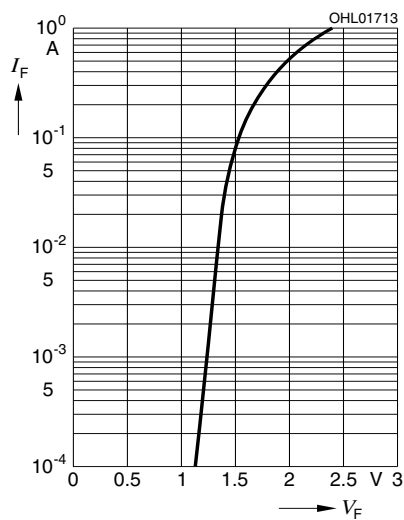
Relative Spectral Emission

$$I_{\text{rel}} = f(\lambda)$$



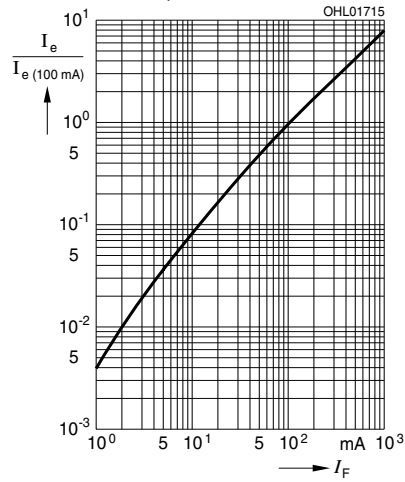
Forward Current $I_F = f(V_F)$

Single pulse, $t_p = 20 \mu\text{s}$



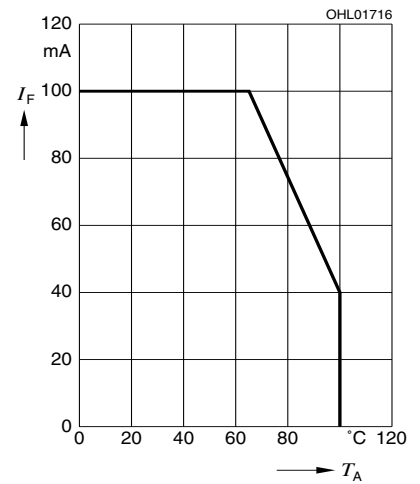
$$\text{Radiant Intensity } \frac{I_e}{I_e(100 \text{ mA})} = f(I_F)$$

Single pulse, $t_p = 20 \mu\text{s}$



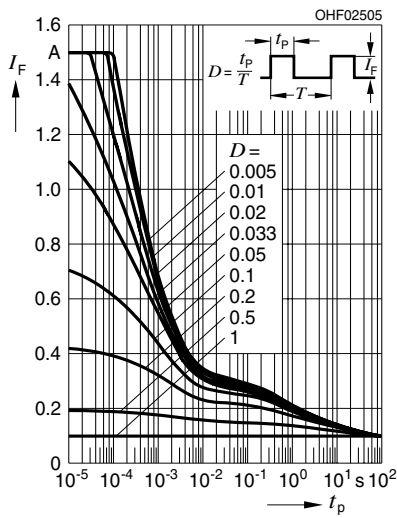
Max. Permissible Forward Current

$$I_F = f(T_A), R_{\text{thJA}} = 300 \text{ K/W}$$

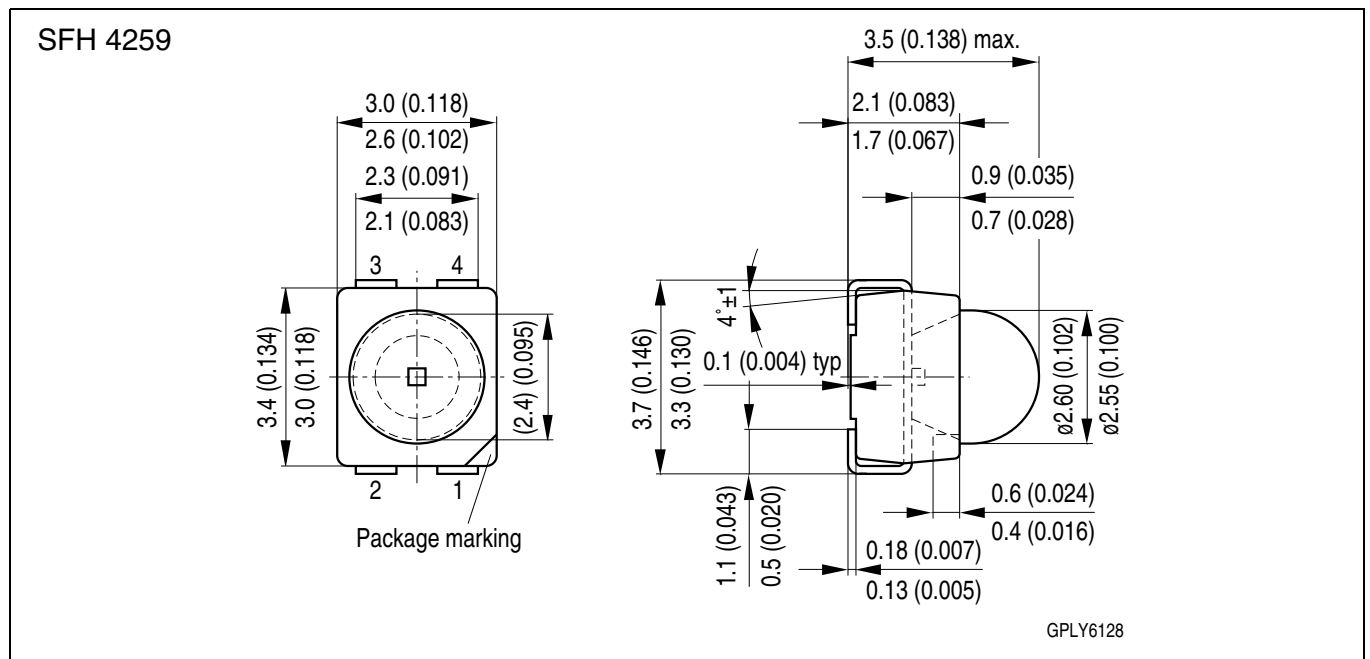
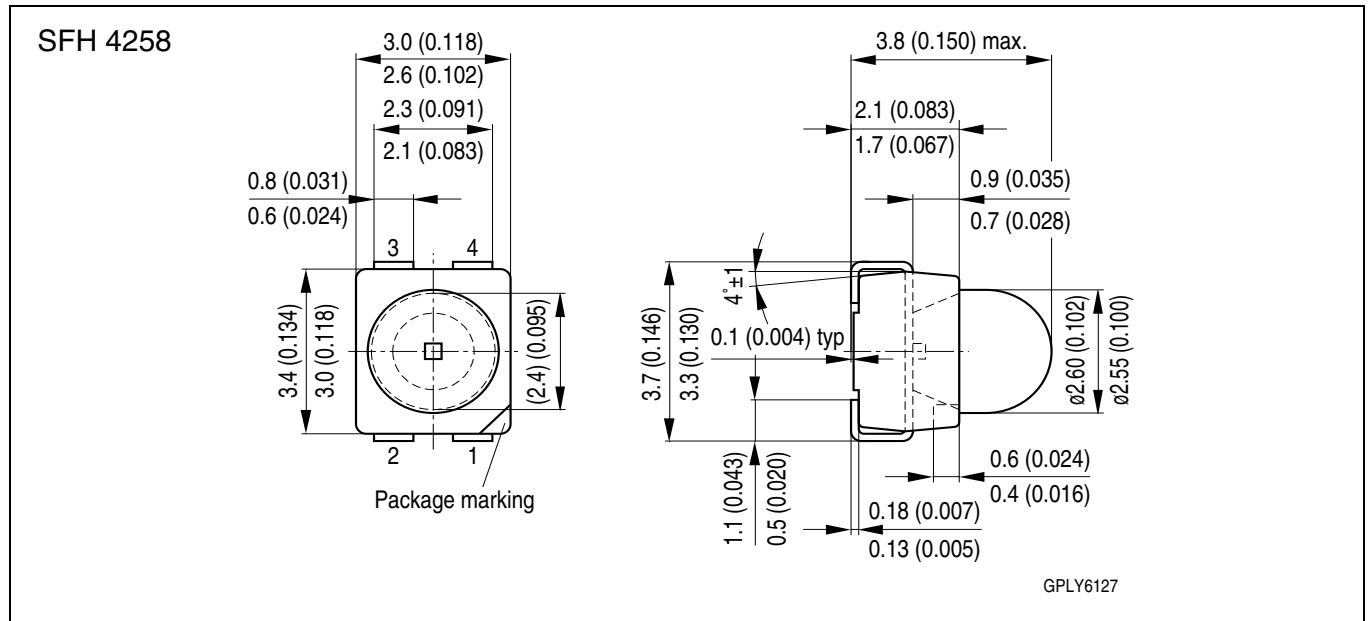


Permissible Pulse Handling

Capability $I_F = f(\tau)$, $T_A \leq 65^\circ\text{C}$,
duty cycle $D = \text{parameter}$



**Maßzeichnung
Package Outlines**

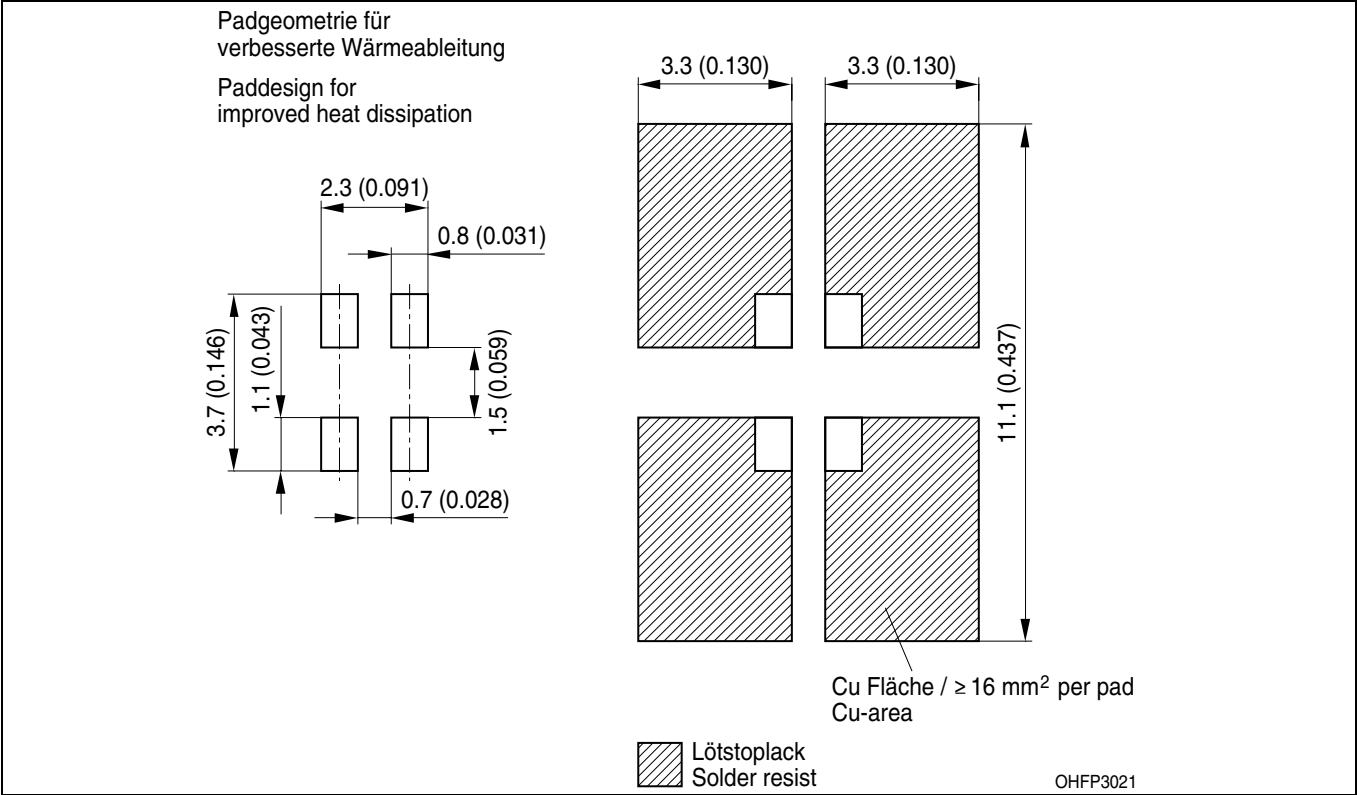


Maße in mm (inch) / Dimensions in mm (inch).

Gehäuse / Package	Power TOPLED® mit Linse, klarer Verguss / Power TOPLED® with lens, clear resin
Anschlussbelegung pin configuration	1 = Kathode / cathode 2/3/4 = Anode / anode

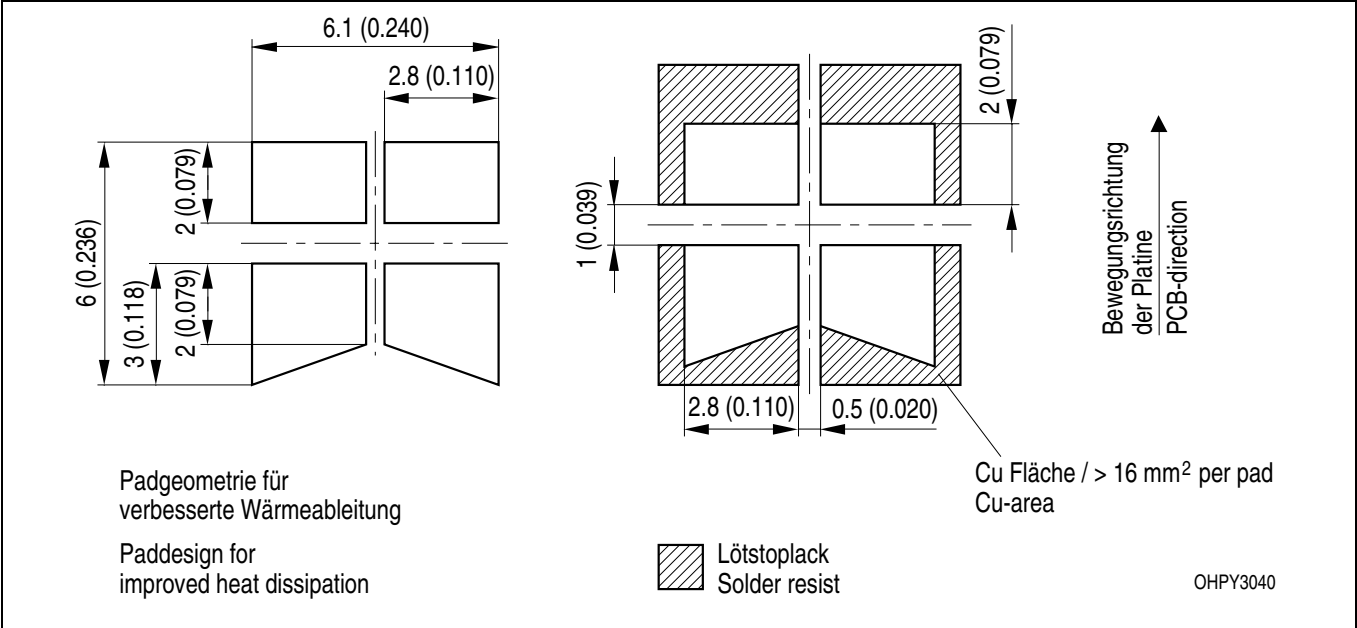
Empfohlenes Lötpaddesign
Recommended Solder Pad Design

Reflow Löten
Reflow Soldering



Empfohlenes Lötpaddesign
Recommended Solder Pad Design

Wellenlöten TTW
TTW Soldering



Lötbedingungen

Soldering Conditions

Reflow Lötprofil für bleifreies Löten

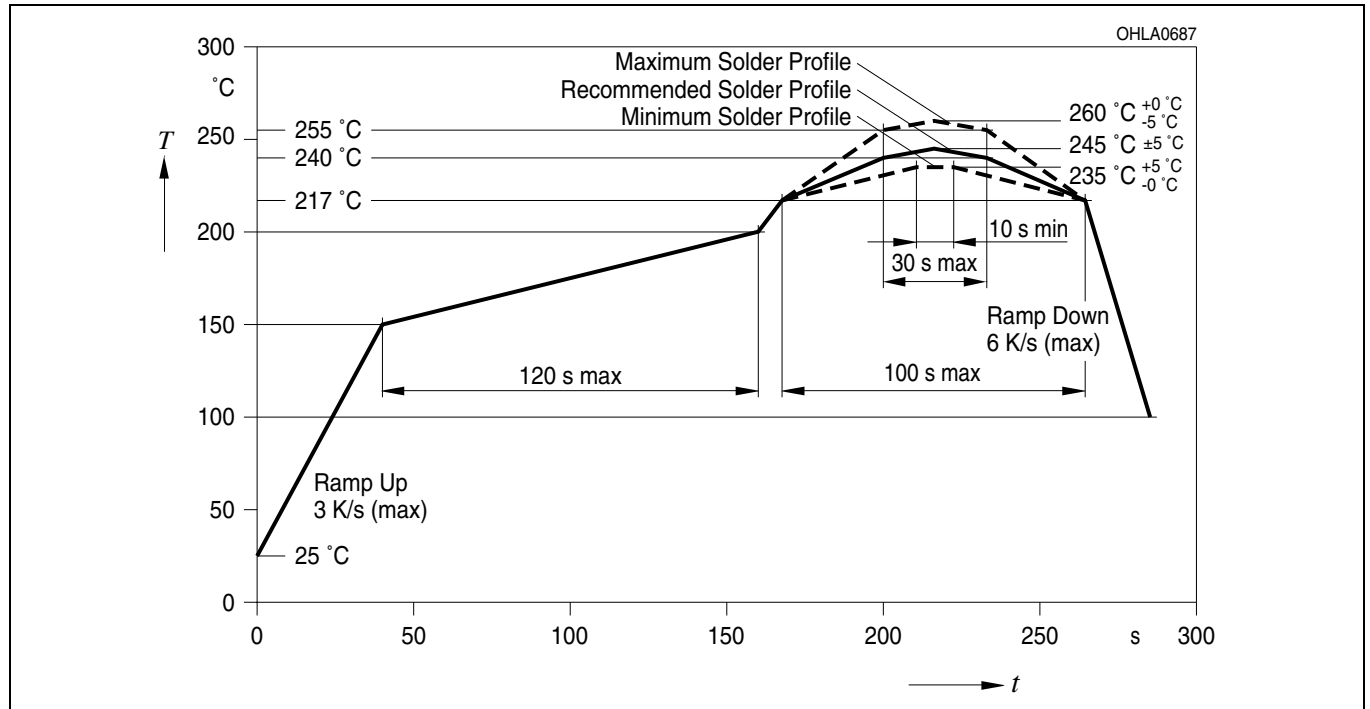
Reflow Soldering Profile for lead free soldering

Vorbehandlung nach JEDEC Level 2

Preconditioning acc. to JEDEC Level 2

(nach J-STD-020C)

(acc. to J-STD-020C)

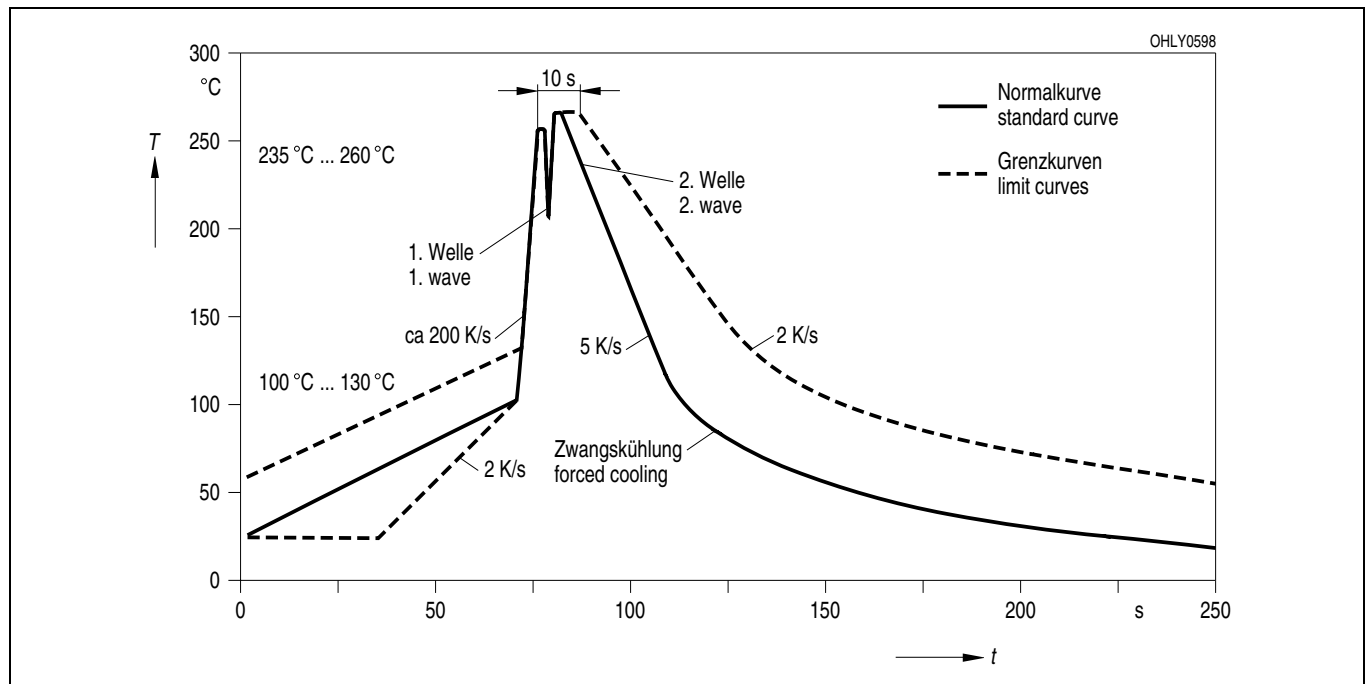


Wellenlöten (TTW)

TTW Soldering

(nach CECC 00802)

(acc. to CECC 00802)



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Packing

Please use the recycling operators known to you. We can also help you – get in touch with your nearest sales office. By agreement we will take packing material back, if it is sorted. You must bear the costs of transport. For packing material that is returned to us unsorted or which we are not obliged to accept, we shall have to invoice you for any costs incurred.

Components used in life-support devices or systems must be expressly authorized for such purpose! Critical components ¹, may only be used in life-support devices or systems ² with the express written approval of OSRAM OS.

¹ A critical component is a component used in a life-support device or system whose failure can reasonably be expected to cause the failure of that life-support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness of that device or system.

² Life support devices or systems are intended (a) to be implanted in the human body, or (b) to support and/or maintain and sustain human life. If they fail, it is reasonable to assume that the health of the user may be endangered.