Lucas NovaSensor®

NPI-19 Voltage Compensated Series Medium Pressure, Media Isolated Pressure Sensor

DESCRIPTION

The Lucas NovaSensor[®] voltage compensated NPI Series offers the performance of our current compensated sensors with the convenience of using a voltage supply. Voltage compensation allows the sensor to be connected directly to the power supply, thereby eliminating the need for additional components to construct a constant current source. These sensors enable field interchangeability with a calibrated FSO of 100 mV ± 1 %.

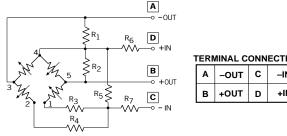
As with all NPI media isolated sensors, they are designed to operate in hostile environments and yet give the outstanding sensitivity, linearity, and hysteresis of a silicon sensor. The piezoresistive sensor chip is housed in a fluidfilled cylindrical cavity and isolated from measured media by a stainless steel diaphragm and body. The NPI Series employs SenStable® processing technology, providing excellent output stability.

The modular design allows for a variety of pressure port modules which are hermetically welded to the sensor header module. Standard types A, B, H, and J are shown inside.

For compensation of temperature effects, a resistor network is supplied on a hybrid ceramic substrate. The IsoSensor design minimizes temperature errors to provide a maximum offset error of 1.0% FSO and a maximum fullscale output error of 0.75% FSO over the 0 to 70°C compensated range.

SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM

Note: Pin #4 connected to chip substrate.



TERMINAL CONNECTIONS –IN +IN



FEATURES

- Solid state, high reliability
- High sensitivity with 100 mV \pm 1% FSO at 10 VDC
- 316L stainless steel, IsoSensor design
- Linearity 0.1% FSO typical
- Thermal accuracy FSO 0.2% typical
- Six standard ranges: 15, 30, 50, 100 200 and 300 psi available, gage or absolute
- Standard configurations include: -1/2"-20 UNF threaded male port with 1.0" flange -0.74" diameter x 0.28" long cylinder with o-ring seals
 - -1/4"-18 NPT male port with 7/8" flange -1/8"-27 NPT male port with 7/8" flange
- Custom configurations and other pressure ranges available. Please consult factory

APPLICATIONS

- Process control systems
- Hydraulic systems and valves
- Automobiles and trucks
- **Biomedical instruments**
- Refrigeration and HVAC controls
- Appliances and consumer electronics
- Ship and marine systems
- Aircraft and avionic systems



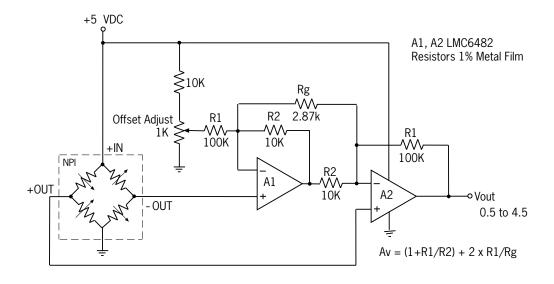
PARAMETER	VALUE	UNITS	NOTES		
GENERAL					
Pressure Ranges	0–15	psi	103.4 kPa		
0	0–30	psi	206.8 kPa		
	0–50	psi	344.7 kPa		
	0–100	psi	689.4 kPa		
	0–200	psi	1,379 kPa		
	0–300	psi	2,068 kPa		
Maximum Overpressure		2 x	rated pressure		
ELECTRICAL @ 25°C (77°F) unless	s otherwise stated				
Input Excitation	10	VDC	15 VDC max.		
Insulation Resistance	10 ⁸	Ω	@ 50 V _{DC}		
Input Impedance	4,000	Ω	be		
Output Impedance	5,000	Ω	± 20%		
Bridge Impedance	5,000	Ω	$\pm 20\%$		
ENVIRONMENTAL					
Temperature Range					
Operating ⁽⁹⁾	-40 to +125	°C	–40 to +257°F		
Compensation Range	0 to +70	°C	+32° to +158°F		
Vibration	10	$g_{\rm RMS}$	20 to 2000Hz		
Shock	100	g	11 milliseconds		
Life (Dynamic Pressure Cycle)	1 x 10 ⁶	cycles			
MECHANICAL					
Weight	≈10	grams	NPI-19A-XXX		
-	≈45	grams	NPI-19B/H/J-XXX		
Media Compatibility		ible with 316L stainless steel			
Case and Diaphragm Material	316L stainless steel				
Recommended O-Ring	Type A: 16.76 dia. X 0.99 (0. Type B: 2-013 per ISO 3601)				
Performance ⁽⁸⁾	Compensated ⁽¹⁾				

Performance ⁽⁸⁾	Compensated ⁽¹⁾ 15, 30, 50, 100, 200 and 300					
Parameter	Units	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Notes	
Offset	mV	-2	±1	2		
Full Scale Output	mV	99	100	101	2	
Linearity	%FSO	-0.25	0.1	0.25	3	
Hysteresis and Repeatability	%FSO	-0.05	0.01	0.05		
Thermal Accuracy of Offset	%FSO	-1.0	0.2	1.0	4	
Thermal Accuracy of FSO	%FSO	-0.75	-0.2	0.75	4	
Thermal Hysteresis	%FSO	-0.2	±0.1	0.2	5	
Short-Term Stability of Offset	$\mu V/V$		±5		6	
Short-Term Stability of FSO	$\mu V/V$		±5		6	
Long-Term Stability of Offset	%FSO		±0.1		7	
Long-Term Stability of FSO	%FSO		±0.1		7	

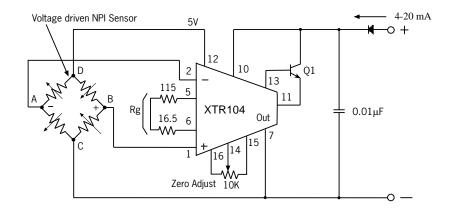
Notes: 1. Performance with offset, thermal accuracy of offset, and thermal accuracy of FSO compensation resistors.
2. FSO measured with 1.0mA input excitation.
3. Linearity by best fit straight line.
4. 0 to +70°C with reference to 25°C.
5. 0 to 70°C.
6. Normalized offset/bridge voltage — 100 hours.
7. 1 year.
8. All values measured at 25°C and at 1.0mA constant current, unless otherwise noted.
9. Reduced performance outside compensation range.



Application Circuits



The voltage compensated NPI-19 requires only two op amps for its signal conditioning circuit. The circuit is greatly simplified, because the NPI-19 can be connected directly to a five volt supply and provide a rail to rail output as shown. The amplifier gain is given by: $Av = (1 + R1/R2) + 2 \times R1/Rg$. With a full-scale output of 50 mV ±1%, a single 2.87 k Ω resistor is all that is need to get a 4.03 volt amplified span. If more precision is needed, a 2.8 k Ω resistor and 200 ohm pot can be used. Offset adjustment is achieved using a 1k Ω pot to trim the offset voltage from the sensor and set Vout to 0.5 volts at zero pressure.



A simple 4–20 mA pressure transmitter can be made with the NPI-19 and a XTR104 (Burr-Brown Corp.). The XTR104 provides the sensor with a five volt power supply and converts the millivolt signal from the sensor to a current output. Rg consists of two resistors, which are used to set the circuit gains as follows: Rg = 2500/(1/FSO-1). A pot can be substituted for one of the resistors to improved gain calibration and accuracy. The offset adjustment provides ±500 microamps of adjustment at the output.



Dimensions and Ordering Information

