

**SANYO****LB1896****3-phase Brushless Motor Driver for  
CD-ROM Spindle Drive Use****Overview**

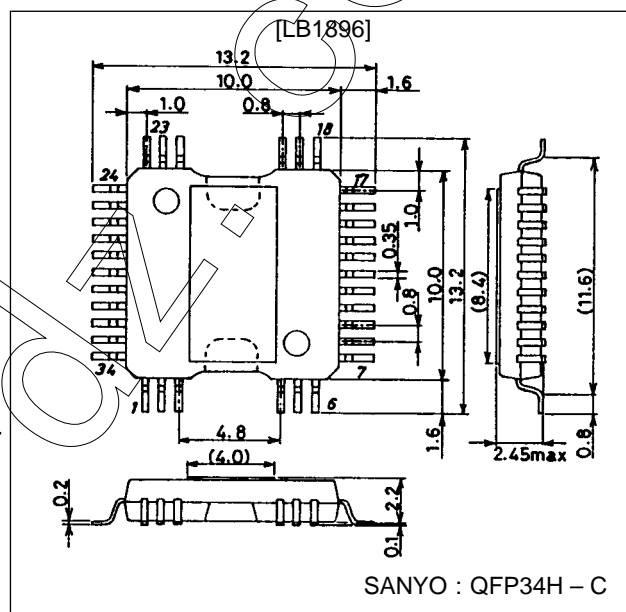
The LB1896 is a 3-phase brushless motor driver IC that is ideal for driving CD-ROM spindle motors.

**Functions and Features**

- 120 ° voltage linear technique
- V-type control voltage
- Switchable control gain
- Control, noncontrol, acceleration/deceleration mode select pins built in.
- Start/Stop pin built in, Hall bias built in.

**Package Dimensions**

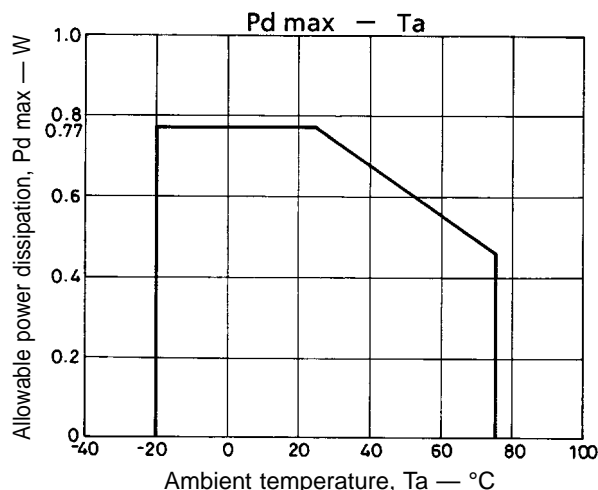
unit : mm

**3219-QFP34H-C****Specifications****Absolute Maximum Ratings at Ta = 25 °C**

| Parameter                   | Symbol                | Conditions     | Ratings     | Unit |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------|----------------|-------------|------|
| Maximum supply voltage      | V <sub>CC1</sub> max  |                | 20          | V    |
|                             | V <sub>CC2</sub> max  |                | 7.0         | V    |
| Applied output voltage      | V <sub>OU, V, W</sub> |                | 20          | V    |
| Output current              | I <sub>OUT</sub>      |                | 1.2         | A    |
| Allowable power dissipation | P <sub>d</sub> max    | Independent IC | 0.77        | W    |
| Operating temperature       | T <sub>opr</sub>      |                | -20 to +75  | °C   |
| Storage temperature         | T <sub>stg</sub>      |                | -55 to +150 | °C   |

**Operating Conditions at Ta = 25 °C**

| Parameter                       | Symbol            | Conditions                          | Ratings                    | Unit |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------------|------|
| Supply voltage                  | V <sub>CC1</sub>  |                                     | 5 to 18                    | V    |
|                                 | V <sub>CC2</sub>  | V <sub>CC1</sub> ≥ V <sub>CC2</sub> | 4.3 to 6.5                 | V    |
| V <sub>Cref</sub> input voltage | V <sub>Cref</sub> |                                     | V <sub>CC2</sub> /2 ±1.0   | V    |
| V <sub>NS</sub> input voltage   | V <sub>NS</sub>   |                                     | 0 to V <sub>CC2</sub> -1.0 | V    |


**Electrical Characteristics at Ta = 25 °C, V<sub>CC1</sub> = 12 V, V<sub>CC2</sub> = 5 V**

| Parameter                                      | Symbol                  | Conditions  | min  | typ  | max  | Unit |
|--|-------------------------|---|------|------|------|------|
| Supply current 1                               | I <sub>CC1</sub>        | V <sub>C</sub> = open, V <sub>Cref</sub> = open, R <sub>L</sub> = ∞, V <sub>S/S</sub> = 5 V   |      | 17   | 30   | mA   |
| Supply current 2                               | I <sub>CC2</sub>        | V <sub>C</sub> = open, V <sub>Cref</sub> = open   |      | 7.5  | 10.5 | mA   |
| Supply current 3                               | I <sub>CC3</sub>        | V <sub>C</sub> = open, V <sub>Cref</sub> = open, R <sub>L</sub> = ∞, V <sub>S/S</sub> = 0 V, (I <sub>CC</sub> of V <sub>CC1</sub> ) |      | 0.9  | 3    | mA   |
| [Drive block]                                  |                         |   |      |      |      |      |
| Output saturation voltage                      | V <sub>O(sat)1</sub>    | I <sub>OUT</sub> = 0.4 A, sink + source   |      | 1.6  | 2.2  | V    |
|  | V <sub>O(sat)2</sub>    | I <sub>OUT</sub> = 0.8 A, sink + source   |      | 2.0  | 3.0  | V    |
| Output TRS sustaining voltage                  | V <sub>O(sus)</sub>     | I <sub>OUT</sub> = 20 mA  | 20   |      |      | V    |
| Output static voltage                          | V <sub>OQ</sub>         | V <sub>C</sub> = 2.5 V, V <sub>Cref</sub> = 2.5 V   | 5.7  | 6.0  | 6.3  | V    |
| Hall amplifier input offset voltage            | V <sub>H offset</sub>   |   | -5   |      | +5   | mV   |
| Hall amplifier input bias current              | I <sub>H bias</sub>     |   |      | 1    | 5    | μA   |
| Hall amplifier common-mode input voltage range | V <sub>Hch</sub>        |   | 1.3  |      | 2.2  | V    |
| Hall input/output voltage gain                 | G <sub>VHO</sub>        |   | 40   | 43   | 46   | dB   |
| Control/output drive gain 1                    | G <sub>VCO1</sub>       | RZ1 = RZ2, GC1 = L, GC2 = L   | 26   | 29   |      | dB   |
| Control/output channel difference 1            | ΔG <sub>VCO1</sub>      | RZ1 = RZ2, GC1 = L, GC2 = L   | -1.5 |      | +1.5 | dB   |
| Control/output drive gain 2                    | G <sub>VCO2</sub>       | RZ1 = RZ2, GC1 = L, GC2 = H   | 32   | 35   |      | dB   |
| Control/output channel difference 2            | ΔG <sub>VCO2</sub>      | RZ1 = RZ2, GC1 = L, GC2 = H   | -1.9 |      | +1.9 | dB   |
| Input dead zone voltage                        | V <sub>DZ</sub>         | RZ1 = RZ2, GC1 = L, GC2 = L<br>V <sub>O</sub> (voltage between out and out) = 0.1 V   | ±13  | ±38  | ±55  | mV   |
| Input bias current 1                           | I <sub>B SERVO</sub>    | V <sub>C</sub> = 1.0 V  |      |      | 500  | nA   |
| Input bias current 2                           | I <sub>B n.s</sub>      | V <sub>NS</sub> = 1.0 V   |      |      | 500  | nA   |
| S/S pin high voltage                           | V <sub>S/S H</sub>      | Input is CMOS level   | 4    |      |      | V    |
| S/S pin low voltage                            | V <sub>S/S L</sub>      | Note) S/S pin V <sub>th</sub> = V <sub>CC2</sub> /2   |      |      | 1    | V    |
| Gain control 1 high voltage                    | V <sub>GC1 H</sub>      | Input is at CMOS level.   | 4    |      |      | V    |
| Gain control 1 low voltage                     | V <sub>GC1 L</sub>      | Note) GC1 pin V <sub>th</sub> = 2.0 V   |      |      | 1    | V    |
| Gain control 2 high voltage                    | V <sub>GC2 H</sub>      | Input is at CMOS level.   | 4    |      |      | V    |
| Gain control 2 low voltage                     | V <sub>GC2 L</sub>      | Note) GC2 pin V <sub>th</sub> = 2.0 V   |      |      | 1    | V    |
| S/S pin input current                          | I <sub>S/S</sub>        | Input voltage = 5 V   |      | 50   | 100  | μA   |
| Gain control 1, 2 current                      | I <sub>GC</sub>         | Input voltage = 5 V   |      | 53   | 110  | μA   |
| Rotation output saturation voltage             | V <sub>(sat) H.FG</sub> | I <sub>O</sub> = -5 mA  |      | 0.24 | 0.5  | V    |
| Rotation output saturation sustaining voltage  | V <sub>(sus) H.FG</sub> |   |      |      | 7    | V    |
| Hall bias voltage                              | V <sub>H±</sub>         | I <sub>O</sub> = 5 mA, R <sub>H</sub> = 200 Ω   | 0.7  | 0.97 | 1.2  | V    |
| CTRL pin high voltage                          | V <sub>CTRL H</sub>     | Common for CTRL1 and CTRL2 input CMOS level   | 4    |      |      | V    |
| CTRL pin low voltage                           | V <sub>CTRL L</sub>     | Note) CTRL pin V <sub>th</sub> = 2.5 V  |      |      | 1.0  | V    |
| CTRL input current                             | I <sub>CTRL</sub>       | Input voltage = 5 V   |      | 53   | 110  | μA   |
| TSD operation voltage                          | TSD                     | Design target   | 150  | 180  | 210  | °C   |
| TSD hysteresis                                 | ΔTSD                    | Design target   |      | 15   |      | °C   |

Note) V<sub>th</sub> is a design target and not measured.

## Mode Switching Truth Table

| CTRL0 | CTRL1 | Mode         |
|-------|-------|--------------|
| L     | L     | Control      |
| L     | H     | Noncontrol   |
| H     | L     | Acceleration |
| H     | H     | Deceleration |

L = 0 to 1.0 V

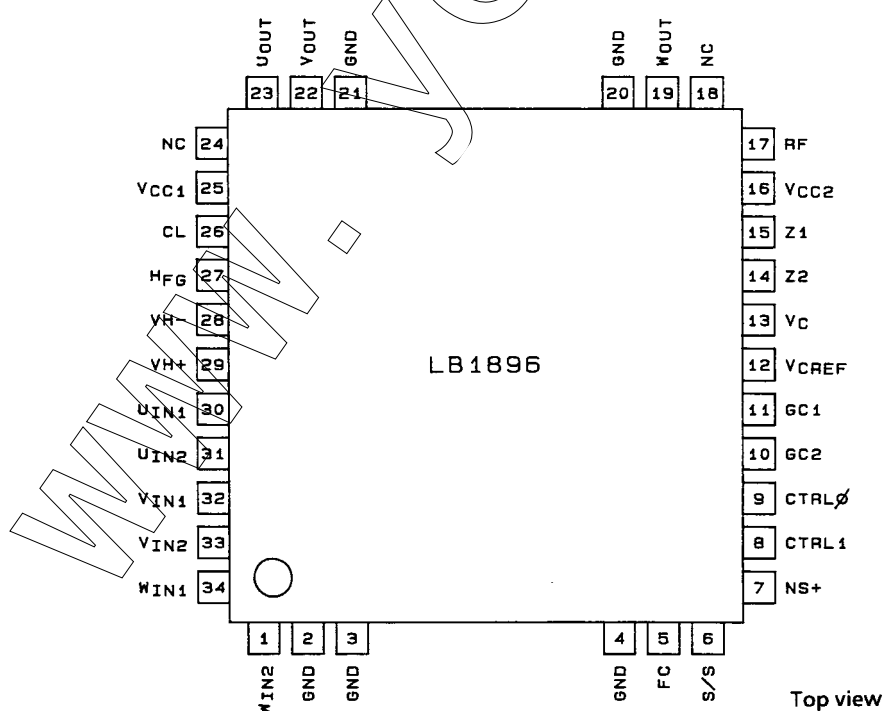
H = 4.0 V or more

## Hall Logic Truth Table

|   | Source → Sink     | Hall input |          |          | F/R Control |
|---|-------------------|------------|----------|----------|-------------|
|   |                   | $U_{IN}$   | $V_{IN}$ | $W_{IN}$ |             |
| 1 | $W \rightarrow V$ | H          | H        | L        | Forward     |
|   | $V \rightarrow W$ |            |          |          | Reverse     |
| 2 | $W \rightarrow U$ | H          | L        | L        | Forward     |
|   | $U \rightarrow W$ |            |          |          | Reverse     |
| 3 | $V \rightarrow W$ | L          | L        | H        | Forward     |
|   | $W \rightarrow V$ |            |          |          | Reverse     |
| 4 | $U \rightarrow V$ | L          | H        | L        | Forward     |
|   | $V \rightarrow U$ |            |          |          | Reverse     |
| 5 | $V \rightarrow U$ | H          | L        | H        | Forward     |
|   | $U \rightarrow V$ |            |          |          | Reverse     |
| 6 | $U \rightarrow W$ | L          | H        | H        | Forward     |
|   | $W \rightarrow U$ |            |          |          | Reverse     |

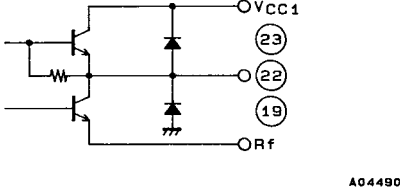
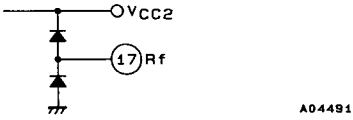
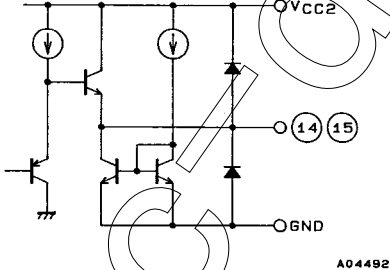
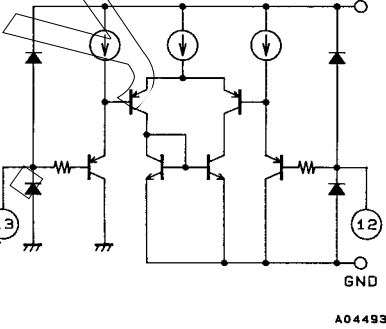
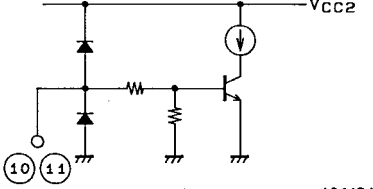
An input is considered to be HIGH when  $U_{IN1} > U_{IN2}$ ,  $V_{IN1} > V_{IN2}$ , and  $W_{IN1} > W_{IN2}$  by 0.2 V or more.Forward when  $V_C > V_{Cref}$ Reverse when  $V_C < V_{Cref}$ 

## Pin Assignment



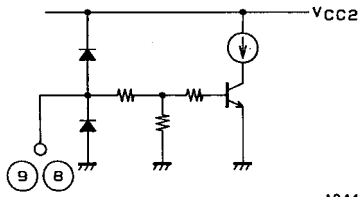
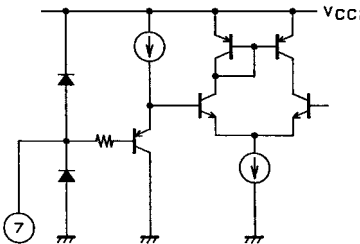
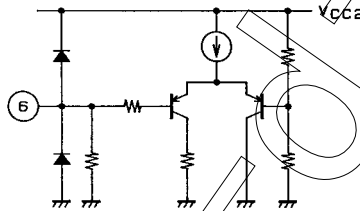
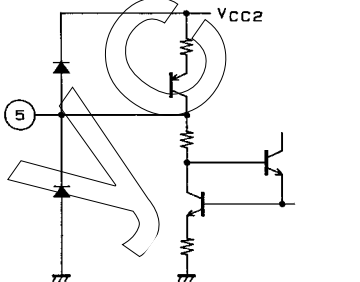
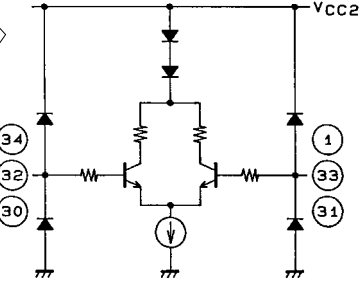
A04487

## Pin Functions

| Pin No.        | Pin Name                            | Pin Voltage         | Equivalent Circuit Diagram  | Pin Function   |
|----------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------|---|--|
| 3, 4<br>20, 21 | Frame<br>GND                        |                     |   | Frame GND.<br>GND must be shared.  |
| 2              | GND                                 |                     |   | GND  |
| 23<br>22<br>19 | $U_{OUT}$<br>$V_{OUT}$<br>$W_{OUT}$ |                     |    | Output pins.<br>Motor connection   |
| 17             | Rf                                  |                     |    | Output/Tr GND.<br>A resistor can be connected between this pin and GND to sense the output current as a voltage drop to provide for overcurrent protection.  |
| 18, 24         | NC                                  |                     |   | Idle pins.   |
| 16             | $V_{CC2}$                           | 4.3 to 6.5 V        |   | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Power supply for blocks other than the output block.</li> <li>This supply should be kept stable to prevent ripple and noise from entering this pin.</li> </ul>  |
| 15<br>14       | Z1<br>Z2                            |                     |  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>First-stage amplifier gain setting resistors.</li> <li>Z1 and Z2 normally range from several tens of k<math>\Omega</math> to several hundreds of k<math>\Omega</math>.</li> <li>The gain is about 6 dB.</li> </ul>  |
| 13<br>12       | $V_C$<br>$V_{Cref}$                 | $V_{CC2}/2 \pm 1.0$ |  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><math>V_C</math> is the speed control pin.<br/>Forward when <math>V_C &gt; V_{Cref}</math>.<br/>Reverse when <math>V_C &lt; V_{Cref}</math>.<br/><math>V_C</math> is used to control the output voltage.</li> <li><math>V_{Cref}</math> determines the motor control stop voltage.<br/><math>V_{CC2}/2</math> in normal use.</li> </ul> |
| 11<br>10       | GC1<br>GC2                          | 0 to $V_{CC2}$      |  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Input/output gain switching pins.</li> <li>GC1 is for first-stage amplifier Z1/Z2 switching.<br/>When GC1 is LOW, Z1 is selected; when HIGH, Z2 is selected. GC2 is for next-stage amplifier switching.</li> </ul>  |

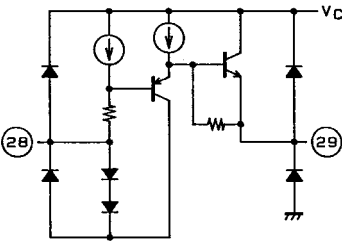
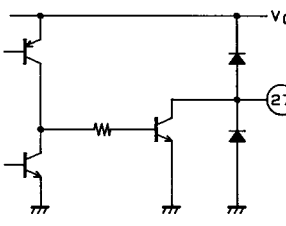
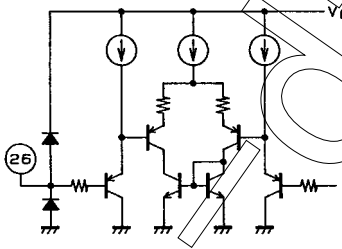
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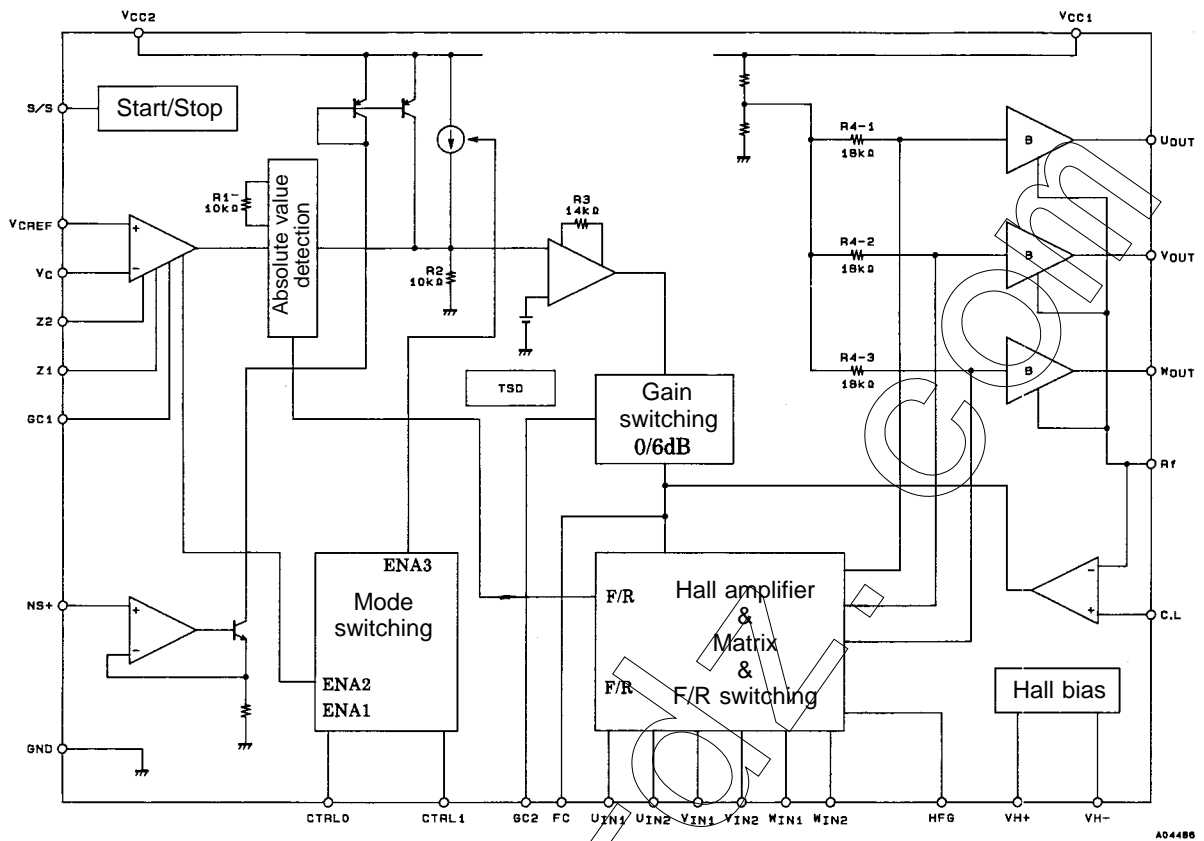
| Pin No.                         | Pin Name   | Pin Voltage                 | Equivalent Circuit Diagram  | Pin Function  |
|---------------------------------|--|-----------------------------|---|---|
| 9<br>8                          | CTRL $\phi$<br>CTRL1   | 0 to V <sub>CC2</sub>       | <br>A04495   | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Operation mode switching pins.</li> <li>Refer to the Mode Switching Truth Table for selection of control, acceleration, or deceleration.</li> </ul>  |
| 7                               | NS+  | 0 to V <sub>CC2</sub> - 1 V | <br>A04496   | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Input pin at noncontrol mode.</li> <li>The input-output gain is 14 dB. (GC2: LOW)</li> <li>Motor stops when V<sub>NS</sub> = 0 V.</li> </ul>   |
| 6                               | S/S  | 0 to V <sub>CC2</sub>       | <br>A04497  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>When the S/S pin is HIGH, START; when LOW, STOP.</li> <li>The threshold is V<sub>CC2</sub>/2.</li> </ul>   |
| 5                               | FC   |                             | <br>A04498 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Connect a capacitor between this pin and GND to reduce the input/output gain frequency response and to stop the oscillator.</li> </ul>   |
| 1<br>34<br>33<br>32<br>31<br>30 | W <sub>IN2</sub><br>W <sub>IN1</sub><br>V <sub>IN2</sub><br>V <sub>IN1</sub><br>U <sub>IN2</sub><br>U <sub>IN1</sub> | 1.3 to 2.2 V                | <br>A04499 | <p>W-phase Hall device input pins.<br/>Logic "H" represent W<sub>IN1</sub> &gt; W<sub>IN2</sub><br/>V-phase Hall device input pins.<br/>Logic "H" represent V<sub>IN1</sub> &gt; V<sub>IN2</sub><br/>U-phase Hall device input pins.<br/>Logic "H" represent U<sub>IN1</sub> &gt; U<sub>IN2</sub></p> |

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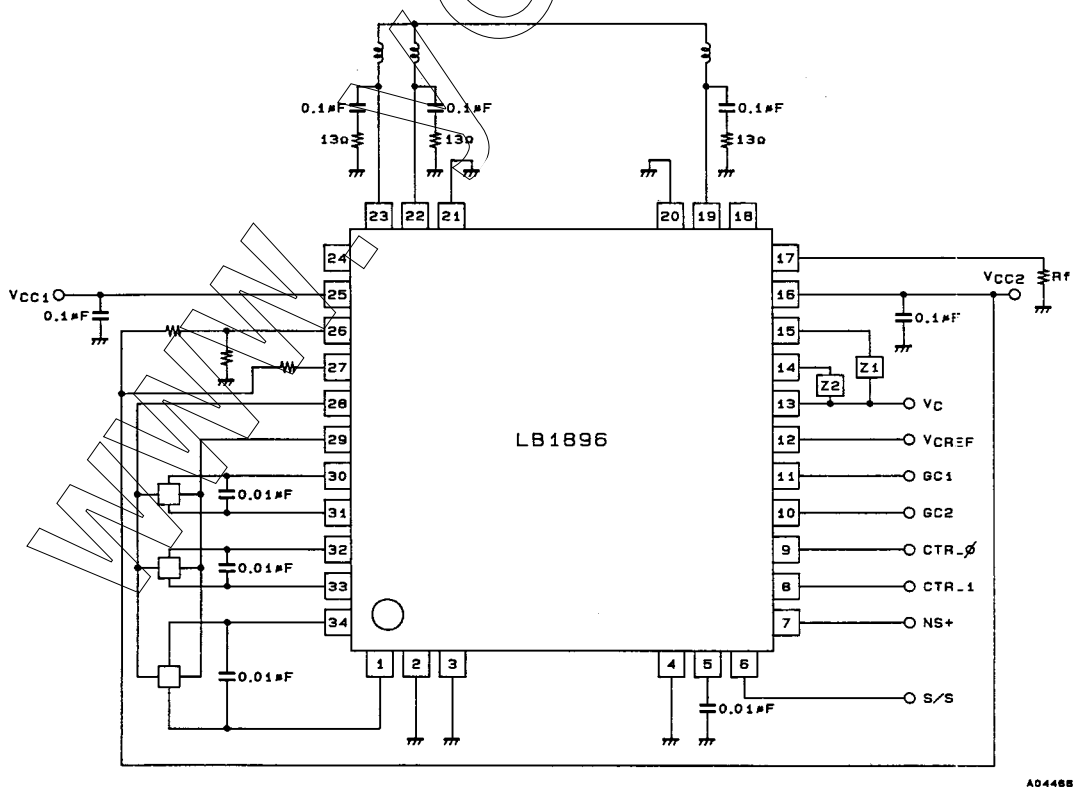
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| Pin No.  | Pin Name         | Pin Voltage           | Equivalent Circuit Diagram   | Pin Function  |
|----------|------------------|-----------------------|--|---|
| 29<br>28 | VH+<br>VH-       | 2.4 V<br>1.4 V        |  <p>A04500</p>  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Hall device power supply pins. A voltage difference of 1.0 V is developed between VH+ and VH-.</li> </ul>  |
| 27       | H.FG             | 0 to V <sub>CC2</sub> |  <p>A04501</p>  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Hall FG pin.</li> <li>The Hall waveform is converted into a pulse signal and then used as the FG pulse signal.</li> </ul>  |
| 26       | CL               | 0 to V <sub>CC2</sub> |  <p>A04502</p> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>When the R<sub>f</sub> pin voltage becomes equal to the C<sub>L</sub> pin voltage, the current limiter operate. The C<sub>L</sub> voltage is determined externally.</li> </ul> |
| 25       | V <sub>CC1</sub> | 5 to 18 V             |  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Power supply for output block.</li> <li>This supply should be kept stable to prevent ripple and noise from entering this pin.</li> </ul>                                       |

## Block Diagram



## Sample Application Circuit



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