# IS1U60/IS1U60L

#### ■ Features

1. 1-package design owing to adoption of OPIC

2. Compact

(Volume: About 1/8 compared with GP1U58X)

3. B.P.F. (Band Pass Frequency): (TYP. 38kHz)

4. Aspherical lens

# ■ Applications

1. Audio equipment

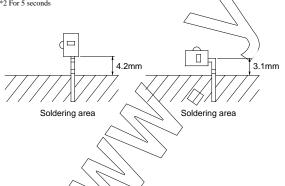
2. Cameras

### ■ Absolute Maximum Ratings

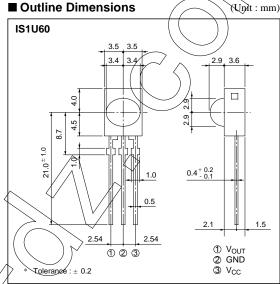
|                         | _        |             |      |
|-------------------------|----------|-------------|------|
| Parameter               | Symbol   | Rating      | Unit |
| Supply voltage          | $V_{CC}$ | 0 to 6.0    | V    |
| *1Operating temperature | T opr    | - 10 to +60 | /°C~ |
| Storage temperature     | T stg    | - 20 to +70 | (°C  |
| *2Soldering temperature | Т        | 260         | 1    |

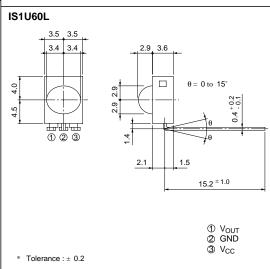
\*1 No dew condensation is allowed

\*2 For 5 seconds



# Sensors with 1-Package Design of Remote Control Detecting **Functions owing to OPIC**





\* "OPIC" (Optical IC) is a trademark of the SHARP Corporation. An OPIC consists of a light-detecting element and signal-processing circuit integrated onto a single chip.

# ■ Recommended Operating Conditions

| Rarameter                | Symbol | Recommended<br>operating conditions | Unit |
|--------------------------|--------|-------------------------------------|------|
| Operating supply voltage | Vcc    | 4.7 to 5.3                          | V    |
|                          |        |                                     |      |

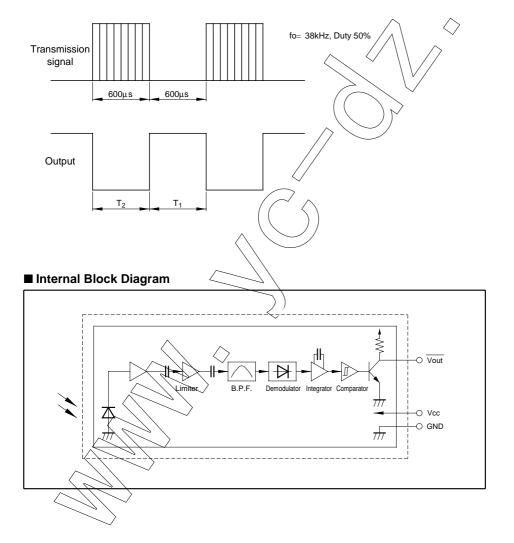
(Ta=25°C)

#### ■ Flectrical Characteristics

| ■ Electrical Characteristics |                 |  |                       | (Ta          | $a=25^{\circ}C/\overline{V_0}$ | cc=+5V) |
|------------------------------|-----------------|--|-----------------------|--------------|--------------------------------|---------|
| Parameter                    | Symbol          | Conditions   | MIN.                  | TYP.         | MAX.                           | Unit    |
| Dissipation current          | Icc             | No input light   | -                     | 2.8          | 4.5                            | mΑ      |
| High level output voltage    | V <sub>OH</sub> | *3, Output terminal OPEN   | V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.2 | -            | \-'\                           | V       |
| Low level output voltage     | V <sub>OL</sub> | *3, *4   | -                     | 0.45         | 0.6                            | V       |
| High level pulse width       | T <sub>1</sub>  | *3   | 400                   | (-(          | 800                            | μs      |
| Low level pulse width        | T 2             |  | 400                   | [-           | 800                            | μs      |
| B.P.F. center frequency      | fo              |  |                       | 38           |                                | kHz     |
| Linear ultimate distance     | L               | $\phi$ , $\theta = 0^{\circ}$ , $E_e < 10 lx$  | 5,0                   | ✓ - <u>^</u> | -                              | m       |
| Linear ultimate distance     | Lı              | $ \begin{vmatrix} \varphi = \pm 30^{\circ} & (\theta = 0^{\circ}) \\ \theta = \pm 15^{\circ} & (\varphi = 0^{\circ}) & E_e < 10 \text{ lx} \end{vmatrix} $ | 3,0                   | <u> </u>     | -                              | m       |

<sup>\*3</sup> The burst wave as shown in the following figure shall be transmitted.

<sup>\*5</sup> By SHARP transmitter



<sup>\*4</sup> Pull-up resistance :  $2.2k\Omega$ 

#### ■ Performance

Using the transmitter shown in Fig. 1, the output signal of the light detecting unit is good enough to meet the following items in the standard optical system in Fig. 2

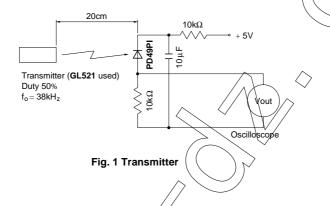
(1) Linear reception distance characteristics

When L=0.2 to 5 m, Ee < 10 lx (\*4) and  $\phi = 0^{\circ}$  in Fig. 2, the output signal shall meet the electrical characteristics in the attached lists.

(2) Sensitivity angle reception distance characteristics

When L=0.2 to 3 m, Ee < 10 lx (\*4) and  $\phi$ <= 30 ° in the direction X and  $\theta$  =0° in the direction Y in Fig. 2, the output signal shall meet the electrical characteristics in the attached list Further, the electrical characteristics shall be met when L=0.2 to 5 m, Ee < 10 lx (\*4) and  $\phi$  =0° in the direction X and  $\theta$ <= 15° in the direction Y.

\*4 It refers to detector face illuminance.



In the above figure, the transmitter should be set so that the output Yout can be 40mV<sub>P-P</sub>.

However, the **PD49PI** to be used here should be of the short-circuit current  $I_{SC}$  = 2.6  $\mu$  A at Ev=100 lx.

(Ev is an illuminance by CIE standard light source A (tungsten lamp),)

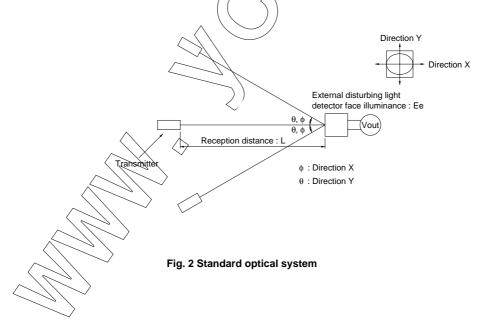


Fig. 1 B.P.F. Frequency Characteristics (TYP.)

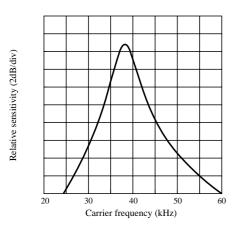


Fig. 3 Sensitivity Angle (Direction Y)
Characteristics (TYP.) for Reference

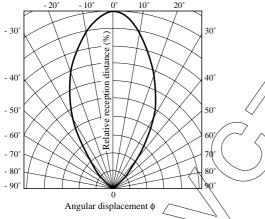


Fig. 5 AEHA (Japan Association of Electrical Home Appliances)
Code Pulse Width Characteristics (1st Bit) (TYP.) for Reference

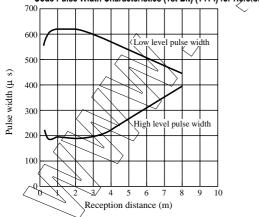


Fig. 2 Sensitivity Angle (Direction X)
Characteristics (TYP.) for Reference

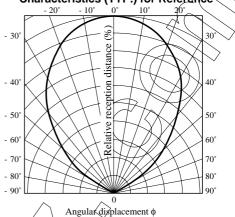
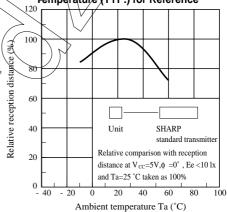


Fig. 4 Relative Reception Distance vs. Ambient Temperature (TYP.) for Reference



## (Conditions)

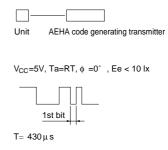
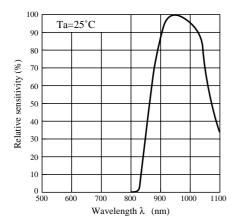
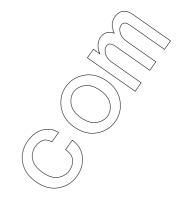


Fig. 6 Spectral Sensitivity for Reference





# **■** Precautions for Operation

(1) Use the light emitting unit (remote control transmitter), in consideration of performance, characteristics, operating conditions of light emitting device and the characteristics of the light detecting unit.

(2) Pay attention to a malfunction of the light detecting unit when the surface is stained with dust and refuse.

Care must be taken not to touch the light detector surface.

· Conduct cleaning as follows.

(3) Cleaning

Solvent dip cleaning: Solvent temperature of 45 °C max, dipping time: Within 3 minutes

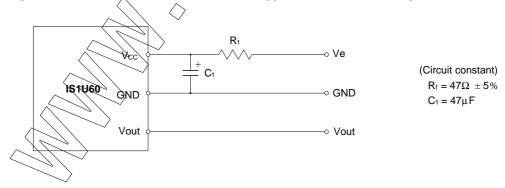
Ultrasonic cleaning : Elements are affected differently depending on the size of cleaning bath, ultrasonic output, time, size of PWB and mounting method of elements.

Conduct trial cleaning on actual operating conditions in advance to make sure that no problem results.

• Use the following solvents only.

Solvents: Ethyl alcohol, methyl alcohol or isopropylalcohol

- (4) To avoid the electrostatic breakdown of IC, handle the unit under the condition of grounding with human body, soldering iron, etc.
- (5) Do not apply unnecessary force to the terminal.
- (6) Example of recommended external circuit (mount outer mounting parts near the sensor as much as possible.)



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